

# Package ‘flair’

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**Title** Highlight, Annotate, and Format your R Source Code

**Version** 0.0.2

**Description** Facilitates easier formatting and highlighting of R source code in a R Markdown-based presentation. The main goal of the package is to allow users to preserve their code creation process within code chunks, then to specify formatting details for the source code, such as highlighting of particular syntactical elements.

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**URL** <https://github.com/kbodwin/flair>,  
<https://kbodwin.github.io/flair/index.html>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/kbodwin/flair/issues>

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**flair-package***A package for adding flair to your displayed source code.*

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**Description**

This package provides ...

**Flair functions**

The `flair_*` functions add decorative formatting to source code.

**Decorate functions**

The `decorate` functions execute source code and simultaneously prepare it to have flair added, to display when knitted.

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code_from_editor	<i>Converts raw editor text to a string of code</i>
------------------	---

---

### Description

Raw editor text has been taken from an active RStudio session via `rstudioapi::getSourceEditorContext()`. Chunk delimiters and html is removed, all formatting is otherwise preserved.

### Usage

```
code_from_editor(.contents, chunk_name)
```

### Arguments

.contents	chunk contents passed from editor context
chunk_name	label of chunk

### Value

chunk text

---

decorate	<i>Builds a <code>with_flair</code> object from either a code chunk or a string object containing source code.</i>
----------	--

---

### Description

decorate does its best to guess if it has been given a code string or a chunk name, based on the presence of special characters.

### Usage

```
decorate(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	A string, containing either a chunk label or R code.
...	Chunk options to pass along

### Value

A `with_flair` object.

### See Also

[decorate\\_chunk](#), [decorate\\_code](#)

---

decorate_chunk	<i>Builds a <a href="#">with_flair</a> object from a code chunk</i>
----------------	---

---

## Description

This function reads the source code from a given named code chunk; i.e., `{r chunk_name, echo = FALSE}`.

## Usage

```
decorate_chunk(chunk_name, eval = TRUE, echo = TRUE, include = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

chunk_name	The label name of the chunk we plan to add <a href="#">flair</a> to.
eval	Evaluation options for chunk; behaves identically to ordinary knitr code chunk option eval
echo	Evaluation options for chunk; behaves identically to ordinary knitr code chunk option echo
include	Evaluation options for chunk; behaves identically to ordinary knitr code chunk option include
...	Any number of other chunk options to override.

## Details

When run directly in a source file, `decorate_chunk()` reads the text of the active file and extracts the relevant string of source code from the chosen chunk. (Important: this only works in RStudio.)

When run during the `knitr::knit()` process, `decorate_chunk()` pulls the relevant chunk source during `knitr::knit_hooks$set("source")`.

## Value

An object of class [with\\_flair](#)

---

decorate_code	<i>Creates an object of the class <a href="#">with_flair</a></i>
---------------	--

---

## Description

Creates an object of the class [with\\_flair](#)

## Usage

```
decorate_code(text, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `text` A string, presumably representing R code.  
`...` Any number of default chunk options to override.

**Value**

A `with_flair` object.

**See Also**

[flair](#)

**Examples**

```
# When run in console, this will print the results of mean(1:10)
my_code <- decorate_code(text = 'mean(1:10)') %>% flair_funs()

# The object itself, when printed, previews your code with flair

my_code

# Objects defined by decorate_code are created in the current environment for later use.

my_code <- decorate_code('foo <- mean(1:10)')

foo + 5
```

---

flair

*Formats source code*

---

**Description**

Adds decorative formatting to parts of a string or source code.

**Usage**

```
flair(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)

flair_rx(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'with_flair'
flair_rx(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)

## Default S3 method:
flair_rx(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)
```

```

flair_quick(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)

flair_all(x, ...)

## Default S3 method:
flair_all(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'with_flair'
flair_all(x, ...)

flair_args(x, ...)

flair_funs(x, ...)

flair_input_vals(x, ...)

```

### Arguments

x	A string or <a href="#">with_flair</a> object
pattern	A pattern to match. By default, this is a fixed pattern; use <code>flair_rx</code> for regular expressions.
before	String giving specific html tags to insert before matched text.
after	String giving specific html tags to insert after matched text.
...	Formatting style options, passed to <a href="#">txt_style</a>

### Details

If input is a string object, `flair` returns a formatted string.

If input is a [with\\_flair](#) object, `flair` returns a [with\\_flair](#) object with the source elements formatted.

Currently, `flair` is only built for html formatting.

### Value

A string with formatting wrappers.

### Examples

```

code_string <- "foo <- mean(1:10, na.rm = TRUE)"

code_string %>% flair("foo")

code_string %>% flair_args()

code_string %>% flair_funs(color = "red")

```

---

flair_lines	<i>Adds decorative formatting (flair) to parts of a string or source code, specified by line(s).</i>
-------------	--

---

## Description

flair\_lines returns a string with formatting wrappers(currently only html), or applies the formatting to the source elements of a `with_flair` object.

## Usage

```
flair_lines(x, lines)

## Default S3 method:
flair_lines(x, lines)
```

## Arguments

x	A string or <code>with_flair</code> object
lines	Integer vector indicating which lines to apply the flair styling to.

## Value

A string with formatting wrappers.

## Examples

```
code_string <- "x <- mean(1:10, na.rm = TRUE)
sqrt(x)" %>% flair_lines(2)
```

---

flair_lines.with_flair	<i>S3 method for <code>with_flair</code> objects</i>
------------------------	--

---

## Description

Applies flair to the appropriate line(s) of source code.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'with_flair'
flair_lines(x, lines)
```

**Arguments**

- |       |   |
|-------|---|
| x     | An object of class <code>with_flair</code> .          |
| lines | An integer vector specifying code lines to highlight. |

**Value**

An object of class `with_flair`.

---

`flair_sublines`      *Helper for flair\_lines*

---

**Description**

Helper for `flair_lines`

**Usage**

```
flair_sublines(text, nums, lines)
```

**Arguments**

- |       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| text  | Text from knitted source code   |
| nums  | List of overall lines contained |
| lines | Which lines to highlight        |

**Value**

Text with formatting wrappers

---

`knit_print.with_flair` *S3 method for knitting a `with_flair` object*

---

**Description**

S3 method for knitting a `with_flair` object

**Usage**

```
knit_print.with_flair(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |     |                                       |
|-----|---------------------------------------|
| x   | A <code>with_flair</code> object.     |
| ... | Other <code>knit_print</code> options |

**Value**

"as-is" html output, to be rendered when knitted

---

make_sandwiches	<i>Recombines "sandwich" elements in proper order</i>
-----------------	---

---

## Description

Helper for [split\\_sandwiches](#). Once sections have been identified and extracted, recombines them in the correct order.

## Usage

```
make_sandwiches(meat, top_buns, bottom_buns = NULL)
```

## Arguments

meat	Character vector containing string sections between delimiters
top_buns	Character vector containing starting delimiters
bottom_buns	Character vector containing ending delimiters

## Value

A character vector.

---

mask	<i>Blanks out part of the string</i>
------	--------------------------------------

---

## Description

Blanks out part of the string  
S3 method for [with\\_flair](#) objects  
Default S3 method for [flair\\_rx](#).

## Usage

```
mask(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)

mask_rx(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'with_flair'
mask_rx(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)

## Default S3 method:
mask_rx(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)

mask_quick(x, pattern, before = NULL, after = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	A string object or <a href="#">decorate_code</a> object.
pattern	A pattern to match
before	Custom preceding html tag
after	Custom ending html tag
...	Further formatting options, passed to <a href="#">txt_style</a>

prep_source	<i>Helper for knit_print.with_flair</i>
-------------	---

**Description**

Helper for `knit_print.with_flair`

**Usage**

```
prep_source(x, doc_type)
```

**Arguments**

x	Text of source code.
doc_type	Document type to knit to.

**Value**

Properly wrapped text.

print.with_flair	<i>When run interactively, a <code>with_flair</code> object should preview the flaired source code in the viewer pane. (Only if in RStudio.)</i>
------------------	--

**Description**

When run interactively, a `with_flair` object should preview the flaired source code in the viewer pane. (Only if in RStudio.)

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'with_flair'
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	A <code>with_flair</code> object.
...	Other print options

**Value**

None

---

scope_and_run	<i>Runs code from string, in parent environment</i>
---------------	---

---

**Description**

Shortcut function to rescope a code string and then run (but not print). Looks for object assignments of the form `foo <-` and rescopes to `foo <<-`, then evaluates code string.

**Usage**

```
scope_and_run(.code_string)
```

**Arguments**

.code\_string A string containing runnable R code.

**Value**

Nothing; side effects in environment only.

---

scope_run_print	<i>Runs and prints from string, in parent environment</i>
-----------------	---

---

**Description**

Shortcut function to rescope a code string and then run and print output. Looks for object assignments of the form `foo <-` and rescopes to `foo <<-`, then evaluates code string.

**Usage**

```
scope_run_print(.code_string)
```

**Arguments**

.code\_string A string containing runnable R code.

**Value**

Nothing; side effects from `print()` only.

`split_sandwiches`      *Separates a string into sections by delimiter*

## Description

This function takes delimiters for the beginning and (optionally, if different) end of sections of a string, and returns a vector with split string elements.

## Usage

```
split_sandwiches(.string, start_rx, end_rx = NULL)
```

## Arguments

.string	A string
start_rx	A regular expression denoting the beginning of a section. Use <code>fixed()</code> for literals.
end_rx	A regular expression denoting the end of a section. If none supplied, sections end when the next <code>start_rx</code> is encountered.

## Details

The main use case for `split_sandwiches()` is for html editing: You might want to separate the original text from the html tags, make certain edits to the text only, and then re-wrap the tags.

This is different from `str_split()` or similar, because the delimiters are preserved and remain attached to a section.

Note that `split_sandwiches()` is not vectorized (sorry). It only takes a single character object.

## Value

A vector of strings

## Examples

```
my_string <- "<span style='text-color:blue'> I am blue and <b>bold</b>, yay! </span>"  
split_sandwiches(my_string, "\\\\[^\]\\]>\\<]*\\>")
```

---

src_to_list	<i>Takes plain text of knitted code and converts it to a list, in which code sources have the class source.</i>
-------------	---

---

## Description

Takes plain text of knitted code and converts it to a list, in which code sources have the class source.

## Usage

```
src_to_list(knitted)
```

## Arguments

knitted      Text of knitted code

## Value

A list with code sources and knitted output.

---

txt_style	<i>Wraps text in html or latex code for formatting</i>
-----------	--

---

## Description

txt\_style adds appropriate html style wrappers to a string. Any number of options can be specified, as long as they match html CSS tags names.

## Usage

```
txt_style(  
  x,  
  type = "html",  
  bold = FALSE,  
  underline = FALSE,  
  italics = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
txt_color(x, color = "red")  
  
txt_colour(x, colour = "red")  
  
txt_size(x, size = "large")  
  
txt_background(x, bg_color = "#fffff7f")
```

```
txt_font(x, font)
txt_bold(x)
txt_emph(x)
txt_ul(x)
txt_tocode(x)
txt_tag(x, before, after)
```

## Arguments

x	The string to be wrapped
type	The style of display, defaults to "html" (currently nothing else is supported, sorry)
bold	Should the text be bolded?
underline	Should the text be underlined?
italics	Should the text be italicized?
...	various display options: any html CSS style options, or one of font, size, color, background, style.
color	Named or html hex color for font.
colour	Named or html hex color for font.
size	Font size
bg_color	Named or html hex color for text background.
font	A valid font family.
before	String giving specific html tags to insert before text.
after	String giving specific html tags to insert after text.

## Details

`txt_*` are shortcuts for specific individual style options

Warning: These are simple direct wrappers for strings only. If you are using `with_flair` objects, you should instead use the `flair` functions.

## Value

A string containing `x` with html wrappers.

## See Also

`flair`

**Examples**

```
# General use  
txt_style("I am highlighted!")  
txt_style("I am blue and bold.", color = "blue", bold = TRUE)  
  
# Shortcuts  
txt_color("I am red.")  
txt_color("I am blue.", color = "blue")  
  
# Code styling wrapper  
txt_tocode("I am code.")
```

---

with\_flair

*Create a with\_flair object*

---

**Description**

(The preferred function is [decorate](#))

**Usage**

```
with_flair(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                   A text object or code chunk label

**Value**

An object of class with\_flair

---

word\_to\_blanks

*helper for mask*

---

**Description**

helper for mask

**Usage**

```
word_to_blanks(word)
```

**Arguments**

word               A word to replace with blank spaces of the same length

---

`wrap_html`

*Wraps text in html for formatting*

---

## Description

`wrap_html` returns a string with styling wrappers from a list of style tag names and values.

## Usage

```
wrap_html(x, opts_list, type = "html")
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	The string to be wrapped
<code>opts_list</code>	The html options to include, in named vector form
<code>type</code>	The style of display, defaults to "html" (currently nothing else is supported, sorry)

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