Package 'piecepackr'

August 31, 2022

Encoding UTF-8 **Type** Package

```
Title Board Game Graphics
Version 1.12.0
Description Functions to make board game graphics with the 'ggplot2', 'grid', 'rayrender', 'rayver-
      tex', and 'rgl' packages. Specializes in game diagrams, animations, and "Print & Play" lay-
      outs for the 'piecepack' <a href="https://www.ludism.org/ppwiki">https://www.ludism.org/ppwiki</a> but can make graph-
      ics for other board game systems. Includes configurations for several public domain game sys-
      tems such as checkers, (double-18) dominoes, go, 'piecepack', playing cards, etc.
License MIT + file LICENSE
URL https://trevorldavis.com/piecepackr/ (blog),
      https://trevorldavis.com/R/piecepackr/(pkgdown),
      https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/piecepackr (forum)
BugReports https://github.com/piecepackr/piecepackr/issues
LazyData true
LazyLoad yes
Imports grid, gridGeometry, grImport2, grDevices, purrr, jpeg, png,
      R6, rlang, stringr, tibble, tools, utils
Suggests animation (>= 2.7), ggplot2, gifski, gridpattern, magick,
      rayrender (>= 0.5.8), rayvertex (>= 0.3.3), readobj (>= 0.4.0),
      rgl (\geq 0.106.8), scales (\geq 0.5.0), systemfonts, testthat,
      tweenr, vdiffr, XML (\geq 3.99-0.9)
SystemRequirements ghostscript
RoxygenNote 7.2.1
Config/testthat/edition 3
NeedsCompilation no
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       <https://github.com/spdx/license-list-XML>),
      Delapouite <a href="https://delapouite.com/">https://delapouite.com/">[ill] (Meeple shape extracted from
```

``Meeple icon" /"> CC BY 3.0" "> (Creative Commons [ill] (`save_print_and_play()` uses ``license badges" from Creative Commons to describe the generated print-and-play file's license)

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Depends R (>= 2.10)

Repository CRAN

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Date/Publication 2022-08-31 18:20:08 UTC

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piecepackr-package

piecepackr: Board Game Graphics

Description

Functions to make board game graphics with the 'ggplot2', 'grid', 'rayrender', 'rayvertex', and 'rgl' packages. Specializes in game diagrams, animations, and "Print & Play" layouts for the 'piecepack' https://www.ludism.org/ppwiki but can make graphics for other board game systems. Includes configurations for several public domain game systems such as checkers, (double-18) dominoes, go, 'piecepack', playing cards, etc.

Package options

The following piecepackr function arguments may be set globally via base::options():

piecepack.at.inform If FALSE turns off messages when affine transformation support not detected in active graphics device.

piecepackr.cfg Sets a new default for the cfg argument
piecepackr.default.units Sets a new default for the default.units argument
piecepackr.envir Sets a new default for the envir argument
piecepackr.op_angle Sets a new default for the op_angle argument
piecepackr.op_scale Sets a new default for the op_scale argument
piecepackr.trans Sets a new default for the trans argument

Author(s)

Other contributors:

- Linux Foundation (Uses some data from the "SPDX License List" https://github.com/spdx/license-list-XML) [data contributor]
- Delapouite https://delapouite.com/ (Meeple shape extracted from "Meeple icon" https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/) [illustrator]
- Creative Commons ('save_print_and_play()' uses "license badges" from Creative Commons to describe the generated print-and-play file's license) [illustrator]

See Also

Useful links:

- blog: https://trevorldavis.com/piecepackr/
- pkgdown: https://trevorldavis.com/R/piecepackr/
- forum: https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/piecepackr
- Report bugs: https://github.com/piecepackr/piecepackr/issues

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aahl	h n	iece

Calculate axis-aligned bounding box for set of game pieces

Description

Calculate axis-aligned bounding box (AABB) for set of game pieces with and without an "oblique projection".

Usage

```
aabb_piece(
   df,
   cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
   envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir"),
   op_scale = getOption("piecepackr.op_scale", 0),
   op_angle = getOption("piecepackr.op_angle", 45),
   ...
)
```

Arguments

df	A data frame of game piece information with (at least) the named columns "piece_side", "x", and "y".
cfg	Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a character vector referring to names in envir or a character vector referring to object names that can be retrieved by base::dynGet().
envir	Environment (or named list) containing configuration list(s).
op_scale	How much to scale the depth of the piece in the oblique projection (viewed from the top of the board). 0 (the default) leads to an "orthographic" projection, 0.5 is the most common scale used in the "cabinet" projection, and 1.0 is the scale used in the "cavalier" projection.
op_angle	What is the angle of the oblique projection? Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
	Ignored

Details

The "oblique projection" of a set of (x,y,z) points onto the xy-plane is $(x+\lambda*z*cos(\alpha),y+\lambda*z*sin(\alpha))$ where λ is the scale factor and α is the angle.

Value

A named list of ranges with five named elements x, y, and z for the axis-aligned bounding cube in xyz-space plus x_op and y_op for the axis-aligned bounding box of the "oblique projection" onto the xy plane.

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Examples

AA_to_R

Helper functions for making geometric calculations.

Description

to_x, to_y, to_r, to_t convert between polar coordinates (in degrees) and Cartesian coordinates. to_degrees and to_radians converts between degrees and radians. AA_to_R and R_to_AA convert back and forth between (post-multiplied) rotation matrix and axis-angle representations of 3D rotations. R_x, R_y, and R_z build (post-multiplied) rotation matrices for simple rotations around the x, y, and z axes.

Usage

```
AA_to_R(angle = 0, axis_x = 0, axis_y = 0, axis_z = NA, ...)
R_to_AA(R = diag(3))
R_x(angle = 0)
R_y(angle = 0)
to_radians(t)
to_degrees(t)
to_x(t, r)
to_y(t, r)
to_r(x, y)
to_t(x, y)
```

 AA_to_R

Arguments

angle	Angle in degrees (counter-clockwise)
axis_x	First coordinate of the axis unit vector.
axis_y	Second coordinate of the axis unit vector.
axis_z	Third coordinate of the axis unit vector (usually inferred).
	Ignored
R	3D rotation matrix (post-multiplied)
t	Angle in degrees (counter-clockwise)
r	Radial distance
X	Cartesian x coordinate
у	Cartesian y coordinate

Details

pp_cfg uses polar coordinates to determine where the "primary" and "directional" symbols are located on a game piece. They are also useful for drawing certain shapes and for making game diagrams on hex boards.

piecepackr and grid functions use angles in degrees but the base trigonometry functions usually use radians.

piecepackr's 3D graphics functions save_piece_obj, piece, and piece3d use the axis-angle representation for 3D rotations. The axis-angle representation involves specifying a unit vector indicating the direction of an axis of rotation and an angle describing the (counter-clockwise) rotation around that axis. Because it is a unit vector one only needs to specify the first two elements, axis_x and axis_y, and we are able to infer the 3rd element axis_z. The default of axis = 0, axis_y = 0, and implied axis_z = 1 corresponds to a rotation around the z-axis which is reverse-compatible with the originally 2D angle interpretation in grid.piece. In order to figure out the appropriate axis-angle representation parameters R_to_AA, R_x, R_y, and R_z allow one to first come up with an appropriate (post-multiplied) 3D rotation matrix by chaining simple rotations and then convert them to the corresponding axis-angle representation. Pieces are rotated as if their center was at the origin.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Axis-angle_representation for more details about the Axis-angle representation of 3D rotations. See Trig for R's built-in trigonometric functions.

```
to_x(90, 1)
to_y(180, 0.5)
to_t(0, -1)
to_r(0.5, 0)
all.equal(pi, to_radians(to_degrees(pi)))
# default axis-angle axis is equivalent to a rotation about the z-axis
all.equal(AA_to_R(angle=60), R_z(angle=60))
# axis-angle representation of 90 rotation about the x-axis
```

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```
 R\_to\_AA(R\_x(90)) \\ \# \ find \ Axis-Angle \ representation \ of first \ rotating \ about \ x-axis \ 180 \ degrees \\ \# \ and \ then \ rotating \ about \ z-axis \ 45 \ degrees \\ R\_to\_AA(R\_x(180) \ \%*\% \ R\_z(45))
```

animate_piece

Animate board game pieces

Description

animate_piece() animates board game pieces.

Usage

```
animate_piece(
  dfs,
  file = "animation.gif",
  annotate = TRUE,
  .f = piecepackr::grid.piece,
  cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", NULL),
  envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir", game_systems("sans")),
  n_transitions = 0L,
  n_pauses = 1L,
  fps = n_transitions + n_pauses,
 width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  ppi = NULL,
  new_device = TRUE,
  annotation_scale = NULL
)
```

Arguments

dfs	A list of data frames of game data to plot.
file	Filename to save animation unless \ensuremath{NULL} in which case it uses the current graphics device.
annotate	If TRUE or "algebraic" annotate the plot with "algrebraic" coordinates, if FALSE or "none" don't annotate, if "cartesian" annotate the plot with "cartesian" coordinates.
	Arguments to pmap_piece
.f	Low level graphics function to use e.g. grid.piece(), piece3d(), piece(), or piece_mesh().
cfg	A piecepackr configuration list
envir	Environment (or named list) of piecepackr configuration lists

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n_transitions Integer, if over zero (the default) how many transition frames to add between moves. Integer, how many paused frames per completed move. n_pauses Double, frames per second. fps width Width of animation (in inches). Inferred by default. height Height of animation (in inches). Inferred by default. Resolution of animation in pixels per inch. By default set so image max 600 ppi pixels wide or tall. If file is NULL should we open up a new graphics device? new_device annotation_scale Multiplicative factor that scales (stretches) any annotation coordinates. By default uses attr(df, "scale_factor") %||% 1.

Value

Nothing, as a side effect creates an animation.

```
# Basic tic-tac-toe animation
dfs <- list()
d.frame <- function(piece_side = "bit_back", ..., rank = 1L) {</pre>
                 data.frame(piece_side = piece_side, ..., rank = rank,
                             cfg = "checkers1", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
df <- d.frame("board_back", suit = 2L, rank = 3L, x = 2, y = 2, id = "1")</pre>
dfs[[1L]] \leftarrow df
df \leftarrow rbind(df, d.frame(suit = 1L, x = 2, y = 2, id = "2"))
dfs[[2L]] \leftarrow df
df \leftarrow rbind(df, d.frame(suit = 2L, x = 1, y = 2, id = "3"))
dfs[[3L]] \leftarrow df
df \leftarrow rbind(df, d.frame(suit = 1L, x = 3, y = 1, id = "4"))
dfs[[4L]] \leftarrow df
df \leftarrow rbind(df, d.frame(suit = 2L, x = 1, y = 3, id = "5"))
dfs[[5L]] \leftarrow df
df \leftarrow rbind(df, d.frame(suit = 1L, x = 1, y = 1, id = "6"))
dfs[[6L]] \leftarrow df
df \leftarrow rbind(df, d.frame(suit = 2L, x = 3, y = 3, id = "7"))
dfs[[7L]] \leftarrow df
df \leftarrow rbind(df, d.frame(suit = 1L, x = 2, y = 1, id = "8"))
dfs[[8L]] \leftarrow df
## Press enter to walk through moves in a "game" in new graphics device
if (interactive()) {
    animate_piece(dfs, file = NULL)
## Save GIF of game with animation transitions
## Not run: # May take more than 5 seconds on CRAN machines
```

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basicPieceGrobs

Piece Grob Functions

Description

basicPieceGrob, pyramidTopGrob, and previewLayoutGrob are the default "grob" functions that grid.piece uses to create grid graphical grob objects. picturePieceGrobFn is a function that returns a "grob" function that imports graphics from files found in its directory argument.

Usage

```
basicPieceGrob(piece_side, suit, rank, cfg = pp_cfg())
picturePieceGrobFn(directory, filename_fn = find_pp_file)
pyramidTopGrob(piece_side, suit, rank, cfg = pp_cfg())
previewLayoutGrob(piece_side, suit, rank, cfg = pp_cfg())
```

Arguments

piece_side A string with piece and side separated by a underscore e.g. "coin_face"

suit Number of suit (starting from 1).

rank Number of rank (starting from 1)

cfg Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object.

directory Directory that picturePieceGrobFn will look in for piece graphics.

filename_fn Function that takes arguments directory, piece_side, suit, rank, and optionally cfg and returns the (full path) filename of the image that the function

returned by picturePieceGrobFn should import.

```
if (require("grid") && all(capabilities(c("cairo", "png")))) {
  op <- options()
  on.exit(options(op))
  options(piecepackr.at.inform = FALSE)
  cfg <- pp_cfg(list(invert_colors=TRUE))</pre>
```

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```
pushViewport(viewport(width=unit(2, "in"), height=unit(2, "in")))
   grid.draw(basicPieceGrob("tile_face", suit=1, rank=3))
   popViewport()
   grid.newpage()
   pushViewport(viewport(width=unit(0.75, "in"), height=unit(0.75, "in")))
   grid.draw(basicPieceGrob("coin_back", suit=2, rank=0, cfg=cfg))
   popViewport()
   grid.newpage()
   pushViewport(viewport(width=unit(6, "in"), height=unit(6, "in")))
   grid.draw(previewLayoutGrob("preview_layout", suit=5, rank=0, cfg=cfg))
   popViewport()
   grid.newpage()
   pushViewport(viewport(width=unit(0.75, "in"), height=unit(0.75, "in")))
   grid.draw(pyramidTopGrob("pyramid_top", suit=3, rank=5))
   popViewport()
       directory <- tempdir()</pre>
       save_piece_images(cfg, directory=directory, format="svg", angle=0)
       cfg2 <- pp_cfg(list(grob_fn=picturePieceGrobFn(directory)))</pre>
       grid.newpage()
       pushViewport(viewport(width=unit(0.75, "in"), height=unit(0.75, "in")))
       grid.draw(pyramidTopGrob("pyramid_top", suit=3, rank=5, cfg=cfg2))
       popViewport()
}
```

font_utils

Font utility functions

Description

get_embedded_font() returns which font is actually embedded by cairo_pdf() for a given character. has_font() tries to determine if a given font is available on the OS.

Usage

```
get_embedded_font(font, char)
has_font(font)
```

Arguments

font A character vector of font(s).

char A character vector of character(s) to be embedded by grid::grid.text()

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Details

get_embedded_font() depends on pdffonts being on the system path (on many OSes found in a poppler-utils package).

Value

get_embedded_font() returns character vector of fonts that were actually embedded by cairo_pdf(). NA's means no embedded font detected: this either means that no font was found or that a color emoji font was found and instead of a font an image was embedded.

Examples

```
if ((Sys.which("pdffonts") != "") && capabilities("cairo")) {
   chars <- c("a", "\u2666")
   fonts <- c("sans", "Sans Noto", "Noto Sans", "Noto Sans Symbols2")
   get_embedded_font(fonts, chars)
   has_font("Dejavu Sans")
}</pre>
```

game_systems

Standard game systems

Description

game_systems returns a list of pp_cfg objects representing several game systems and pieces. to_subpack and to_hexpack will attempt to generate matching (piecepack stackpack) subpack and (piecepack) hexpack pp_cfg R6 objects respectively given a piecepack configuration.

Usage

```
game_systems(style = NULL, round = FALSE, pawn = "token")
to_hexpack(cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()))
to_subpack(cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()))
```

Arguments

style	If NULL (the default) uses suit glyphs from the default "sans" font. If "dejavu" it will use suit glyphs from the "DejaVu Sans" font (must be installed on the system).
round	If TRUE the "shape" of "tiles" and "cards" will be "roundrect" instead of "rect" (the default).
pawn	If "token" (default) the piecepack pawn will be a two-sided token in a "halma" outline, if "peg-doll" the piecepack pawn will be a "peg doll" style pawn, and if "joystick" the piecepack pawn will be a "joystick" style pawn. Note for the latter two pawn styles only pawn_top will work with grid.piece.
cfg	List of configuration options

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Details

Contains the following game systems:

alquerque Boards and pieces in six color schemes for Alquerque

- checkers1, checkers2 Checkers and checkered boards in six color schemes. Checkers are represented by a piecepackr "bit". The "board" "face" is a checkered board and the "back" is a lined board. Color is controlled by suit and number of rows/columns by rank. checkers1 has one inch squares and checkers2 has two inch squares.
- chess1, chess2 Chess pieces and checkered boards in six color schemes. Chess pieces are represented by a "bit" (face). The "board" "face" is a checkered board and the "back" is a lined board. Color is controlled by suit and number of rows/columns by rank. chess1 has one inch squares and chess2 has two inch squares.
- dice Traditional six-sided pipped dice in six color schemes (color controlled by their suit).
- **dice_fudge** "Fudge" dice in six color schemes (color controlled by their suit). "Fudge" dice have three ranks "+", " ", and "-" repeated twice.
- dominoes, dominoes_black, dominoes_blue, dominoes_green, dominoes_red, dominoes_white, dominoes_yellow
 Traditional pipped dominoes in six color schemes (dominoes and dominoes_white are the
 same). In each color scheme the number of pips on the "top" of the domino is controlled by
 their "rank" and on the "bottom" by their "suit". Supports up to double-18 sets.
- go Go stones and lined boards in six color schemes. Go stones are represented by a "bit" and the board is a "board". Color is controlled by suit and number of rows/columns by rank Currently the "stones" look like "checkers" which is okay for 2D diagrams but perhaps unsatisfactory for 3D diagrams.
- meeples Standard 16mm x 16mm x 10mm "meeples" in six colors represented by a "bit".
- **morris** Various morris aka mills aka merels games in six colors. Color is controlled by suit and "size" of morris board is controlled by rank e.g. "Six men's morris" corresponds to a rank of 6 and "Nine men's morris" corresponds to a rank of 9. Game pieces are represented by stones.
- piecepack, dual_piecepacks_expansion, playing_cards_expansion, hexpack, subpack, piecepack_inverted
 The piecepack is a public domain game system invented by James "Kyle" Droscha. See
 https://www.ludism.org/ppwiki for more info about the piecepack and its accessories/expansions.
 - **piecepack** A standard piecepack. The configuration also contains the following piecepack accessories:
 - piecepack dice cards An accessory proposed by John Braley. See https://www.ludism. org/ppwiki/PiecepackDiceCards.
 - **piecepack matchsticks** A public domain accessory developed by Dan Burkey. See https://www.ludism.org/ppwiki/PiecepackMatchsticks.
 - piecepack pyramids A public domain accessory developed by Tim Schutz. See https: //www.ludism.org/ppwiki/PiecepackPyramids.
 - piecepack saucers A public domain accessory developed by Karol M. Boyle at Mesomorph Games. See https://web.archive.org/web/20190719155827/http:// www.piecepack.org/Accessories.html.
 - **piecepack_inverted** The standard piecepack with its color scheme inverted. Intended to aid in highlighting special pieces in diagrams.
 - **dual_piecepacks_expansion** A companion piecepack with a special suit scheme. See https://trevorldavis.com/piecepackr/dual-piecepacks-pnp.html.

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playing_cards_expansion A piecepack with the standard dQuoteFrench playing card suits. See https://www.ludism.org/ppwiki/PlayingCardsExpansion.

hexpack A hexagonal extrapolation of the piecepack designed by Nathan Morse and Daniel Wilcox. See https://boardgamegeek.com/boardgameexpansion/35424/hexpack.

subpack A mini piecepack. Designed to be used with the piecepack to make piecepack "stackpack" diagrams. See https://www.ludism.org/ppwiki/StackPack.

playing_cards, playing_cards_colored, playing_cards_tarot Poker-sized card components for various playing card decks:

playing_cards A traditional deck of playing cards with 4 suits and 13 ranks (A, 2-10, J, Q, K) plus a 14th "Joker" rank.

playing_cards_colored Like playing_cards but with five colored suits: red hearts, black spades, green clubs, blue diamonds, and yellow stars.

playing_cards_tarot A (French Bourgeois) deck of tarot playing cards: first four suits are hearts, spades, clubs, and diamonds with 14 ranks (ace through jack, knight, queen, king) plus a 15th "Joker" rank and a fifth "suit" of 22 trump cards (1-21 plus an "excuse").

reversi Boards and pieces for Reversi. "board_face" provides lined boards with colored backgrounds. "board_back" provides checkered boards. "bit_face" / "bit_back" provides circular game tokens with differently colored sides: red paired with green, black paired with white, and blue paired with yellow.

See Also

pp_cfg for information about the pp_cfg objects returned by game_systems.

```
cfgs <- game_systems()</pre>
   names(cfgs)
if (require("grid")) {
   op <- options()
   on.exit(options(op))
   options(piecepackr.at.inform = FALSE)
   # standard dice
   grid.newpage()
   grid.piece("die_face", x=1:6, default.units="in", rank=1:6, suit=1:6,
              op_scale=0.5, cfg=cfgs$dice)
   # dominoes
   grid.newpage()
   colors <- c("black", "red", "green", "blue", "yellow", "white")</pre>
   cfg <- paste0("dominoes_", rep(colors, 2))</pre>
 grid.piece("tile_face", x=rep(4:1, 3), y=rep(2*3:1, each=4), suit=1:12, rank=1:12+1,
              cfg=cfg, default.units="in", envir=cfgs, op_scale=0.5)
   # various piecepack expansions
   grid.newpage()
  df_{tiles} \leftarrow data.frame(piece_side="tile_back", x=0.5+c(3,1,3,1), y=0.5+c(3,3,1,1),
```

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geom_piece

Draw board game pieces with ggplot2

Description

geom_piece() creates a ggplot2 geom. aes_piece() takes a data frame and generates an appropriate ggplot2::aes() mapping.

Usage

```
geom_piece(
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  stat = "identity",
  position = "identity",
  ...,
  envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir", piecepackr::game_systems()),
  op_scale = getOption("piecepackr.op_scale", 0),
  op_angle = getOption("piecepackr.op_angle", 45),
  inherit.aes = TRUE
)

aes_piece(df)
```

Arguments

mapping

Set of aesthetic mappings created by aes() or aes_(). If specified and inherit.aes = TRUE (the default), it is combined with the default mapping at the top level of the plot. You must supply mapping if there is no plot mapping.

data

The data to be displayed in this layer. There are three options:

If NULL, the default, the data is inherited from the plot data as specified in the call to ggplot().

A data.frame, or other object, will override the plot data. All objects will be fortified to produce a data frame. See fortify() for which variables will be created.

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> A function will be called with a single argument, the plot data. The return value must be a data. frame, and will be used as the layer data. A function

can be created from a formula (e.g. ~ head(.x, 10)).

The statistical transformation to use on the data for this layer, as a string. stat

position Position adjustment, either as a string, or the result of a call to a position adjust-

ment function.

Aesthetics, used to set an aesthetic to a fixed value.

Environment (or named list) containing configuration list(s). envir

How much to scale the depth of the piece in the oblique projection (viewed from op_scale

> the top of the board). 0 (the default) leads to an "orthographic" projection, 0.5 is the most common scale used in the "cabinet" projection, and 1.0 is the scale

used in the "cavalier" projection.

op_angle What is the angle of the oblique projection? Has no effect if op_scale is 0.

inherit.aes If FALSE, overrides the default aesthetics, rather than combining with them.

> This is most useful for helper functions that define both data and aesthetics and shouldn't inherit behaviour from the default plot specification, e.g. borders().

df A data frame of game piece information with (at least) the named columns

"piece_side", "x", and "y".

Details

geom_piece() requires a fixed scale coordinate system with an aspect ratio of 1 as provided by ggplot2::coord_fixed(). geom_piece() also requires that cfg is a character vector (and not a pp_cfg() object). In particular if using op_transform() one should set its argument cfg_class = "character" if intending for use with geom_piece().

Aesthetics

geom_piece() understands the following aesthetics (required aesthetics are in bold). See pieceGrob() for more details.

- X
- y
- z
- piece_side
- rank
- suit
- cfg
- width
- height
- depth
- angle
- scale
- type

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See Also

geom_piece() is a wrapper around pieceGrob(). scale_x_piece() and scale_y_piece() are wrappers around ggplot2::scale_x_continuous() and ggplot2::scale_y_continuous() with better defaults for board game diagrams.

Examples

```
if (require("ggplot2") && require("tibble")) {
 envir <- game_systems("sans")</pre>
 df_board <- tibble(piece_side = "board_face", suit = 3, rank = 8,</pre>
                 x = 4.5, y = 4.5
 df_w <- tibble(piece_side = "bit_face", suit = 6, rank = 1,</pre>
                 x = rep(1:8, 2), y = rep(1:2, each=8))
 df_b <- tibble(piece_side = "bit_face", suit = 1, rank = 1,</pre>
                 x = rep(1:8, 2), y = rep(7:8, each=8))
 df <- rbind(df_board, df_w, df_b)</pre>
 # 2D example
 # `cfg` must be a character vector for `geom_piece()`
 ggplot(df, aes_piece(df)) +
      geom_piece(cfg = "checkers1", envir = envir) +
      coord_fixed() +
      scale_x_piece() +
      scale_y_piece() +
      theme_minimal(28) +
      theme(panel.grid = element_blank())
 # 3D "oblique" projection example
 # `cfg_class` must be "character" when using with `geom_piece()`
 df3d <- op_transform(df, cfg = "checkers1", envir = envir,</pre>
                        op_angle = 45, cfg_class = "character")
 ggplot(df3d, aes_piece(df3d)) +
      geom_piece(cfg = "checkers1", envir = envir,
                 op_angle = 45, op_scale = 0.5) +
      coord_fixed() +
      theme_void()
}
```

grid.cropmark

Crop Mark Grob

Description

grid.cropmark() draws "crop marks" to the active graphics device. cropmarkGrob() is its grid grob counterpart. Intended for use in adding crop marks around game pieces in print-and-play layouts.

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Usage

```
cropmarkGrob(
 piece_side = "tile_back",
  suit = NA,
 rank = NA,
  cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
 x = unit(0.5, "npc"),
 y = unit(0.5, "npc"),
  angle = 0,
 width = NA,
 height = NA,
  scale = 1,
  default.units = "npc",
  envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir"),
 name = NULL,
 gp = NULL,
  vp = NULL,
  bleed = unit(0.125, "in"),
  cm_select = "12345678",
  cm\_width = unit(0.25, "mm"),
  cm_length = unit(0.125, "in")
grid.cropmark(..., draw = TRUE)
```

Arguments

•••	<pre>cropmarkGrob() ignores; grid.cropmark() passes to cropmarkGrob().</pre>
piece_side	A string with piece and side separated by a underscore e.g. "coin_face"
suit	Number of suit (starting from 1).
rank	Number of rank (starting from 1)
cfg	Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a character vector referring to names in envir or a character vector referring to object names that can be retrieved by base::dynGet().
x	Where to place piece on x axis of viewport
У	Where to place piece on y axis of viewport
angle	Angle (on xy plane) to draw piece at
width	Width of piece
height	Height of piece
scale	Multiplicative scaling factor to apply to width, height, and depth.
default.units	A string indicating the default units to use if 'x', 'y', 'width', and/or 'height' are only given as numeric vectors.
envir	Environment (or named list) containing configuration list(s).

name A character identifier (for grid)
gp An object of class "gpar".
vp A grid viewport object (or NULL).

bleed Bleed zone size to assume:

• If bleed is a grid::unit() simply use it

• If bleed is numeric then convert via grid::unit(bleed, default.units)

• If bleed is TRUE assume 1/8 inch bleed zone size

• If bleed is FALSE assume 0 inch bleed zone size

cm_select A string of integers from "1" to "8" indicating which crop marks to draw. "1"

represents the top right crop mark then we proceeding clockwise to "8" which represents the top left crop mark. Default "12345678" draws all eight crop

marks.

cm_width Width of crop mark.
cm_length Length of crop mark.

draw A logical value indicating whether graphics output should be produced.

Value

A grid grob.

Examples

grid.piece

Draw board game pieces with grid

Description

grid.piece() draws board game pieces onto the graphics device. pieceGrob() is its grid "grob" counterpart.

Usage

```
pieceGrob(
  piece_side = "tile_back",
  suit = NA,
  rank = NA,
  cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
  x = unit(0.5, "npc"),
  y = unit(0.5, "npc"),
  z = NA
  angle = 0,
  use_pictureGrob = FALSE,
  width = NA,
  height = NA,
  depth = NA,
  op_scale = getOption("piecepackr.op_scale", 0),
  op_angle = getOption("piecepackr.op_angle", 45),
  default.units = getOption("piecepackr.default.units", "npc"),
  envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir"),
  name = NULL,
  gp = NULL,
  vp = NULL,
  . . . ,
  scale = 1,
  alpha = 1,
  type = "normal",
  bleed = FALSE
)
grid.piece(
  piece_side = "tile_back",
  suit = NA,
  rank = NA.
  cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
  x = unit(0.5, "npc"),
  y = unit(0.5, "npc"),
  z = NA,
  angle = 0,
  use_pictureGrob = FALSE,
  width = NA,
  height = NA,
  depth = NA,
  op_scale = getOption("piecepackr.op_scale", 0),
  op_angle = getOption("piecepackr.op_angle", 45),
  default.units = getOption("piecepackr.default.units", "npc"),
  envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir"),
  name = NULL,
  gp = NULL,
  draw = TRUE,
```

```
vp = NULL,
...,
scale = 1,
alpha = 1,
type = "normal",
bleed = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

piece_side A string with piece and side separated by a underscore e.g. "coin_face"

suit Number of suit (starting from 1).
rank Number of rank (starting from 1)

cfg Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a

character vector referring to names in envir or a character vector referring to

object names that can be retrieved by base::dynGet().

Where to place piece on x axis of viewportWhere to place piece on y axis of viewport

z z-coordinate of the piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.

angle Angle (on xy plane) to draw piece at

use_pictureGrob

Deprecated argument. If TRUE sets type argument to "picture".

width Width of piece height Height of piece

depth Depth (thickness) of piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.

op_scale How much to scale the depth of the piece in the oblique projection (viewed from

the top of the board). 0 (the default) leads to an "orthographic" projection, 0.5 is the most common scale used in the "cabinet" projection, and 1.0 is the scale

used in the "cavalier" projection.

op_angle What is the angle of the oblique projection? Has no effect if op_scale is 0.

default.units A string indicating the default units to use if 'x', 'y', 'width', and/or 'height' are

only given as numeric vectors.

envir Environment (or named list) containing configuration list(s).

name A character identifier (for grid)

gp An object of class "gpar".

vp A grid viewport object (or NULL).

... Ignored.

scale Multiplicative scaling factor to apply to width, height, and depth.

alpha Alpha channel for transparency.

type

Type of grid grob to use. Either "normal" (default), "picture", "raster", or "transformation". "picture" exports to (temporary) svg and re-imports as a grImport2::pictureGrob. "raster" exports to (temporary) png and re-imports as a grid::rasterGrob. "transformation" uses the affine transformation feature only supported in R 4.2+ within select graphic devices. The latter three can be useful if drawing pieces really big or small and don't want to mess with re-configuring fontsizes and linewidths.

bleed

If FALSE do not add a "bleed" zone around the piece, otherwise add a "bleed" zone around the piece:

- If bleed is TRUE we will add 1/8 inch bleeds
- If bleed is a grid::unit() we will use it as bleed size
- If bleed is numeric we will convert to grid::unit() via grid::unit(bleed, default.units)

A non-FALSE bleed is incompatible with op_scale > 0 (drawing in an "oblique projection").

draw

A logical value indicating whether graphics output should be produced.

Value

A grid grob object. If draw is TRUE then as a side effect grid.piece() will also draw it to the graphics device.

See Also

pmap_piece() which applies pieceGrob() over rows of a data frame.

```
if (require("grid")) {
 op <- options()
 on.exit(options(op))
 options(piecepackr.at.inform = FALSE)
  draw_pp_diagram <- function(cfg=pp_cfg(), op_scale=0) {</pre>
      g.p <- function(...) {</pre>
          grid.piece(..., op_scale=op_scale, cfg=cfg, default.units="in")
      g.p("tile_back", x=0.5+c(3,1,3,1), y=0.5+c(3,3,1,1))
      g.p("tile_back", x=0.5+3, y=0.5+1, z=1/4+1/8)
      g.p("tile_back", x=0.5+3, y=0.5+1, z=2/4+1/8)
      g.p("die_face", suit=3, rank=5, x=1, y=1, z=1/4+1/4)
      g.p("pawn_face", x=1, y=4, z=1/4+1/2, angle=90)
      g.p("coin_back", x=3, y=4, z=1/4+1/16, angle=180)
      g.p("coin_back", suit=4, x=3, y=4, z=1/4+1/8+1/16, angle=180)
      g.p("coin_back", suit=2, x=3, y=1, z=3/4+1/8, angle=90)
  }
  # default piecepack, orthogonal projection
 draw_pp_diagram(cfg=pp_cfg())
```

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op_transform

Oblique projection helper function

Description

Guesses z coordinates and sorting order to more easily make 3D graphics with pmap_piece.

Usage

```
op_transform(
   df,
    ...,
   cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
   envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir"),
   op_angle = getOption("piecepackr.op_angle", 45),
   pt_thickness = 0.01,
   as_top = character(0),
   cfg_class = "list"
)
```

Arguments

df	A data frame with coordinates and dimensions in inches
	Ignored
cfg	Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a character vector of pp_cfg objects
envir	Environment (or named list) containing configuration list(s).
op_angle	Intended oblique projection angle (used for re-sorting)

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pt_thickness	Thickness of pyramid tip i.e. value to add to the z-value of a pyramid top if it is a (weakly) smaller ranked pyramid (top) placed on top of a larger ranked pyramid (top).
as_top	Character vector of components whose "side" should be converted to "top" e.g. $c("pawn_face")$.
cfg_class	Either "list" (default) or "character". Desired class of the cfg column in the returned tibble. "list" is more efficient for use with pmap_piece() but geom_piece() needs "character".

Details

The heuristics used to generate guesses for z coordinates and sorting order aren't guaranteed to work in every case. In some cases you may get better sorting results by changing the op_angle or the dimensions of pieces.

Value

A tibble with extra columns added and re-sorted rows

See Also

https://trevorldavis.com/piecepackr/3d-projections.html for more details and examples of oblique projections in piecepackr.

Examples

piece

Create rayrender board game piece objects

Description

piece creates 3d board game piece objects for use with the rayrender package.

Usage

```
piece(
  piece_side = "tile_back",
  suit = NA,
  rank = NA,
  cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
  x = 0,
```

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```
y = 0,
z = NA,
angle = 0,
axis_x = 0,
axis_y = 0,
width = NA,
height = NA,
depth = NA,
envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir"),
...,
scale = 1,
res = 72
```

Arguments

piece_side	A string with piece and side separated by a underscore e.g. "coin_face"
suit	Number of suit (starting from 1).
rank	Number of rank (starting from 1)
cfg	Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a character vector referring to names in envir or a character vector referring to object names that can be retrieved by base::dynGet().
x	Where to place piece on x axis of viewport
у	Where to place piece on y axis of viewport
z	z-coordinate of the piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
angle	Angle (on xy plane) to draw piece at
axis_x	First coordinate of the axis unit vector.
axis_y	Second coordinate of the axis unit vector.
width	Width of piece
height	Height of piece
depth	Depth (thickness) of piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
envir	Environment (or named list) containing configuration list(s).
	Ignored.
scale	Multiplicative scaling factor to apply to width, height, and depth.
res	Resolution of the faces.

Value

A rayrender object.

See Also

See https://www.rayrender.net for more information about the rayrender package. See geometry_utils for a discussion of the 3D rotation parameterization.

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Examples

```
if (require("rayrender") && all(capabilities(c("cairo", "png")))) {
   cfg <- game_systems("sans3d")$piecepack
   render_scene(piece("tile_face", suit = 3, rank = 3, cfg = cfg))
   render_scene(piece("coin_back", suit = 4, rank = 2, cfg = cfg))
   render_scene(piece("pawn_face", suit = 2, cfg = cfg))
}</pre>
```

piece3d

Render board game pieces with rgl

Description

piece3d draws board games pieces using the rgl package.

Usage

```
piece3d(
  piece_side = "tile_back",
  suit = NA,
  rank = NA,
  cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
 x = 0,
 y = 0,
  z = NA,
  angle = 0,
 axis_x = 0,
 axis_y = 0,
 width = NA,
 height = NA,
 depth = NA,
  envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir"),
  . . . ,
  scale = 1,
  res = 72,
  alpha = 1,
  lit = FALSE,
  shininess = 50,
  textype = NA
)
```

Arguments

```
piece_side A string with piece and side separated by a underscore e.g. "coin_face" suit Number of suit (starting from 1).
```

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rank	Number of rank (starting from 1)
cfg	Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a character vector referring to names in envir or a character vector referring to object names that can be retrieved by base::dynGet().
X	Where to place piece on x axis of viewport
у	Where to place piece on y axis of viewport
Z	z-coordinate of the piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
angle	Angle (on xy plane) to draw piece at
axis_x	First coordinate of the axis unit vector.
axis_y	Second coordinate of the axis unit vector.
width	Width of piece
height	Height of piece
depth	Depth (thickness) of piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
envir	Environment (or named list) containing configuration list(s).
	Ignored.
scale	Multiplicative scaling factor to apply to width, height, and depth.
res	Resolution of the faces.
alpha	Alpha channel for transparency.
lit	logical, specifying if rgl lighting calculation should take place.
shininess	Properties for rgl lighting calculation.
textype	Use "rgba" when sure texture will have alpha transparency. Use "rgb" when sure texture will not have alpha transparency (in particular rg1's WebGL export will likely work better). If NA we will read the texture and figure out a reasonable value.

Value

A numeric vector of rgl object IDs.

See Also

See rgl-package for more information about the rgl package. See rgl::material3d() for more info about setting rgl material properties. See geometry_utils for a discussion of the 3D rotation parameterization.

```
if (require("rg1") && all(capabilities(c("cairo", "png")))) {
    open3d()
    cfg <- game_systems("sans3d")$piecepack
    piece3d("tile_back", suit = 3, rank = 3, cfg = cfg, x = 0, y = 0, z = 0)
    piece3d("coin_back", suit = 4, rank = 2, cfg = cfg, x = 0.5, y = 0.5, z = 0.25)
    piece3d("pawn_top", suit = 1, cfg = cfg, x = -0.5, y = 0.5, z = 0.6)
    piece3d("die_face", suit = 3, cfg = cfg, x = -0.5, y = -0.5, z = 0.375)
    piece3d("pyramid_top", suit = 2, rank = 3, cfg = cfg, x = 1.5, y = 0.0, z = 0.)
}</pre>
```

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piecepackr-defunct

Defunct functions

Description

These functions are Defunct and have been removed from piecepackr.

Usage

```
halmaGrob(...)
kiteGrob(...)
pyramidGrob(...)
convexGrobFn(...)
concaveGrobFn(...)
gridlinesGrob(...)
matGrob(...)
checkersGrob(...)
hexlinesGrob(...)
get_shape_grob_fn(...)
```

Arguments

... Ignored

Details

- 1. For get_shape_grob_fn use pp_shape()\$shape instead.
- 2. For gridlinesGrob() use pp_shape()\$gridlines() instead.
- 3. For matGrob() use pp_shape()\$mat() instead.
- 4. For checkersGrob()() use pp_shape()\$checkers() instead.
- 5. For hexlinesGrob() use pp_shape()\$hexlines() instead.
- 6. For halmaGrob() use pp_shape("halma")\$shape() instead.
- 7. For kiteGrob() use pp_shape("kite")\$shape() instead.
- 8. For pyramidGrob() use pp_shape("pyramid")\$shape() instead.
- 9. For convexGrobFn(n, t) use pp_shape(paste0("convex", n), t)\$shape instead.
- 10. For concaveGrobFn(n, t, r) use pp_shape(paste0("concave", n), t, r)\$shape instead.

28 piece_mesh

piece_mesh

Create rayvertex board game piece objects

Description

piece_mesh() creates 3d board game piece objects for use with the rayvertex package.

Usage

```
piece_mesh(
 piece_side = "tile_back",
  suit = NA,
 rank = NA,
 cfg = pp_cfg(),
 x = 0,
 y = 0,
  z = NA,
  angle = 0,
 axis_x = 0,
 axis_y = 0,
 width = NA,
 height = NA,
 depth = NA,
  envir = NULL,
 scale = 1,
  res = 72
)
```

Arguments

piece_side	A string with piece and side separated by a underscore e.g. "coin_face"
suit	Number of suit (starting from 1).
rank	Number of rank (starting from 1)
cfg	Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a character vector referring to names in envir or a character vector referring to object names that can be retrieved by base::dynGet().
X	Where to place piece on x axis of viewport
у	Where to place piece on y axis of viewport
z	z-coordinate of the piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
angle	Angle (on xy plane) to draw piece at
axis_x	First coordinate of the axis unit vector.
axis_y	Second coordinate of the axis unit vector.
width	Width of piece

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height	Height of piece
depth	Depth (thickness) of piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
envir	Environment (or named list) containing configuration list(s).
	Ignored.
scale	Multiplicative scaling factor to apply to width, height, and depth.
res	Resolution of the faces.

Value

A rayvertex object.

See Also

See https://www.rayvertex.com for more information about the rayvertex package. See geometry_utils for a discussion of the 3D rotation parameterization.

Examples

```
if (require("rayvertex") && all(capabilities(c("cairo", "png")))) {
   cfg <- game_systems("sans3d")$piecepack
   rs <- function(shape) {
      rasterize_scene(shape, light_info = directional_light(c(0, 0, 1)))
   }
   rs(piece_mesh("tile_face", suit = 3, rank = 3, cfg = cfg))
   rs(piece_mesh("coin_back", suit = 4, rank = 2, cfg = cfg))
   rs(piece_mesh("pawn_face", suit = 1, cfg = cfg))
}</pre>
```

pmap_piece

Create graphics using data frame input

Description

pmap_piece() operates on the rows of a data frame applying . f to each row (usually grid.piece).

Usage

```
pmap_piece(
    .1,
    .f = pieceGrob,
    ...,
    cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg"),
    envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir"),
    trans = getOption("piecepackr.trans"),
    draw = TRUE,
```

pmap_piece

```
name = NULL,
gp = NULL,
vp = NULL
)
```

Arguments

.1	A list of vectors, such as a data frame. The length of .1 determines the number of arguments that .f will be called with. List names will be used if present.
.f	Function to be applied to .1 after adjustments to cfg and envir and the application of trans. Usually grid.piece(), pieceGrob(), piece3d(), or piece().
	Extra arguments to pass to .f.
cfg	Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a character vector referring to names in envir or a character vector referring to object names that can be retrieved by base::dynGet().
envir	Environment (or named list) containing configuration list(s).
trans	Function to modify .1 before drawing. Default (NULL) is to not modify .1. op_transform can help with using an oblique projection (i.e. op_scale over 0).
draw	A logical value indicating whether graphics output should be produced.
name	A character identifier (for grid)
gp	An object of class "gpar".
vp	A grid viewport object (or NULL).

Details

pmap_piece() differs from purrr::pmap() in a few ways:

- 1. If cfg and/or envir are missing attempts to set reasonable defaults.
- 2. If not NULL will first apply function trans to .1.
- 3. If the output of .f is a grid grob object then pmap_piece will return a gTree object with specified name, gp, and vp values and if draw is true draw it.
- 4. If .1 lacks a name column or if name column is non-unique attempts to generate a reasonable new default name column and use that to name the return gTree children or list values.

See Also

render_piece() is a higher-level function that wraps this function.

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pp_cfg

Configuration list R6 object

Description

pp_cfg() and as_pp_cfg() create piecepack configuration list R6 objects. is_pp_cfg() returns TRUE if object is a piecepack configuration list R6 object. as.list() will convert it into a list.

Usage

```
pp_cfg(cfg = list())
is_pp_cfg(cfg)
as_pp_cfg(cfg = list())
```

Arguments

cfg

List of configuration options

Details

pp_cfg R6 class objects serve the following purposes:

- Customize the appearance of pieces drawn by grid.piece().
- Speed up the drawing of graphics through use of caching.
- Allow the setting and querying of information about the board game components that maybe of use to developers:
 - Number of suits
 - Number of ranks
 - Suit colors
 - Which types of components are included and/or properly supported
 - What would be a good color to use when adding annotations on top of these components.
 - Title, Description, Copyright, License, and Credit metadata

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pp_cfg R6 Class Method Arguments

```
piece_side A string with piece and side separated by a underscore e.g. "coin_face".

suit Number of suit (starting from 1).

rank Number of rank (starting from 1).

type Which type of grob to return, either "normal", "picture", "raster", or "transformation".

scale "scale" factor

alpha "alpha" value
```

pp_cfg R6 Class Methods

```
get_grob() Returns a grid "grob" for drawing the piece.
get_piece_opt() Returns a list with info useful for drawing the piece.
get_suit_color() Returns the suit colors.
get_width(), get_height(), get_depth() Dimensions (of the bounding cube) of the piece in inches.
```

pp_cfg R6 Class Fields and Active Bindings

annotation_color Suggestion of a good color to annotate with

cache Cache object which stores intermediate graphical calculations. Default is a memory-cache that does not prune. This can be replaced by another cache that implements the cache API used by the cachem package

cache_grob Whether we should cache (2D) grobs

cache_grob_with_bleed_fn Whether we should cache the grob with bleed functions

cache_piece_opt Whether we should cache piece opt information

cache_op_fn Whether we should cache the oblique projection functions

cache_obj_fn Whether we should cache any 3D rendering functions

copyright Design copyright information

credit Design credits

description Design description

fontfamily Main font family

has_bits Whether we should assume this supports "bit" pieces

has_boards Whether we should assume this supports "board" pieces

has_cards Whether we should assume this supports "card" pieces

has_coins Whether we should assume this supports "coin" pieces

has_dice Whether we should assume this supports "die" pieces

has_matchsticks Whether we should assume this supports "matchstick" pieces

has_pawns Whether we should assume this supports "pawn" pieces

has_piecepack Binding which simultaneously checks/sets has_coins, has_tiles, has_pawns, has_dice

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```
has_pyramids Whether we should assume this supports "pyramid" pieces
has_saucers Whether we should assume this supports "saucer" pieces
has_tiles Whether we should assume this supports "tile" pieces
spdx_id SPDX Identifier for graphical design license. See https://spdx.org/licenses/ for
full list.
title Design title
```

Deprecated pp_cfg R6 Class attributes

```
cache_shadow Use cache_op_fn instead
get_shadow_fn get_op_grob() returns complete oblique projection grob
i_unsuit Instead add 1L to n_suits
```

Defunct pp_cfg R6 Class attributes which have been removed

```
get_pictureGrob() Use get_grob(..., type = "picture") instead
```

See Also

game_systems() for functions that return configuration list objects for several game systems. https://trevorldavis.com/piecepackr/configuration-lists.html for more details about piecepackr configuration lists.

```
cfg <- pp_cfg(list(invert_colors=TRUE))</pre>
as.list(cfg)
is_pp_cfg(cfg)
as_pp_cfg(list(suit_color="darkred,black,darkgreen,darkblue,grey"))
cfg$get_suit_color(suit=3)
cfg$annotation_color
cfg$has_matchsticks
cfg$has_matchsticks <- TRUE
cfg$has_matchsticks
cfg$get_width("tile_back")
cfg$get_height("die_face")
cfg$get_depth("coin_face")
  cfg <- list()
  system.time(replicate(100, grid.piece("tile_face", 4, 4, cfg)))
  cfg <- pp_cfg(list())</pre>
  system.time(replicate(100, grid.piece("tile_face", 4, 4, cfg)))
```

34 pp_shape

pp_shape	Shape object for generating various grobs	

Description

pp_shape() creates an R6 object with methods for creating various shape based grobs.

Usage

```
pp_shape(label = "rect", theta = 90, radius = 0.2, back = FALSE)
```

Arguments

label Label of the shape. One of

"circle" Circle.

"convexN" An N-sided convex polygon. theta controls which direction the first vertex is drawn.

"concaveN" A "star" (concave) polygon with N "points". theta controls which direction the first point is drawn. radius controls the distance of the "inner" vertices from the center.

"halma" A 2D outline of a "Halma pawn".

"kite" "Kite" quadrilateral shape.

"meeple" A 2D outline of a "meeple".

"oval" Oval.

"pyramid" An "Isosceles" triangle whose base is the bottom of the viewport. Typically used to help draw the face of the "pyramid" piece.

"rect" Rectangle.

"roundrect" "Rounded" rectangle. radius controls curvature of corners.

theta convex and concave polygon shapes use this to determine where the first point

is drawn.

radius concave polygon and roundrect use this to control appearance of the shape.

back Whether the shape should be reflected across a vertical line in the middle of the

viewport.

Details

pp_shape objects serve the following purposes:

- 1. Make it easier for developers to customize game piece appearances either through a "grob_fn" or "op_grob_fn" styles in pp_cfg() or manipulate a piece post drawing via functions like grid::grid.edit().
- 2. Used internally to generate piecepackr's built-in game piece grobs.

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pp_shape R6 Class Method Arguments

```
mat_width Numeric vector of mat widths.
clip "clip grob" to perform polyclip operation with. See gridGeometry::grid.polyclip() for more info.
op Polyclip operation to perform. See gridGeometry::grid.polyclip() for more info.
pattern Pattern to fill in shape with. See gridpattern::patternGrob() for more info.
... Passed to gridpattern::patternGrob().
name Grid grob name value.
gp Grid gpar list. See grid::gpar() for more info.
vp Grid viewport or NULL.
```

pp_shape R6 Class Methods

```
checkers(name = NULL, gp = gpar(), vp = NULL) Returns a grob of checkers for that shape.
gridlines(name = NULL, gp = gpar(), vp = NULL) Returns a grob of gridlines for that shape.
hexlines(name = NULL, gp = gpar(), vp = NULL) Returns a grob of hexlines for that shape.
mat(mat_width = 0, name = NULL, gp = gpar(), vp = NULL) Returns a grob for a matting "mat"
    for that shape.

pattern(pattern = "stripe", ..., name = NULL, gp = gpar(), vp = NULL) Fills in the shape's
    npc_coords with a pattern. See gridpattern::patternGrob() for more information.

polyclip(clip, op = "intersection", name = NULL, gp = gpar(), vp = NULL) Returns a grob
    that is an "intersection", "minus", "union", or "xor" of another grob. Note unlike gridGeometry::polyclipGrob
    it can directly work with a pieceGrob "clip grob" argument.
shape(name = NULL, gp = gpar(), vp = NULL) Returns a grob of the shape.
```

pp_shape R6 Class Active Bindings

```
label The shape's label.
theta The shape's theta.
radius The shape's radius.
back A boolean of whether this is the shape's "back" side.
npc_coords A named list of "npc" coordinates along the perimeter of the shape.
```

```
if (require("grid")) {
    gp <- gpar(col="black", fill="yellow")
    rect <- pp_shape(label="rect")
    convex6 <- pp_shape(label="convex6")
    circle <- pp_shape(label="circle")

    pushViewport(viewport(x=0.25, y=0.75, width=1/2, height=1/2))
    grid.draw(rect$shape(gp=gp))
    grid.draw(rect$gridlines(gp=gpar(col="blue", lex=4)))</pre>
```

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```
grid.draw(rect$hexlines(gp=gpar(col="green")))
popViewport()
pushViewport(viewport(x=0.75, y=0.75, width=1/2, height=1/2))
grid.draw(convex6$shape(gp=gp))
grid.draw(convex6$checkers(gp=gpar(fill="blue")))
popViewport()
pushViewport(viewport(x=0.25, y=0.25, width=1/2, height=1/2))
grid.draw(circle$shape(gp=gp))
grid.draw(circle$mat(mat_width=0.2, gp=gpar(fill="blue")))
popViewport()
pushViewport(viewport(x=0.75, y=0.25, width=1/2, height=1/2))
grid.draw(rect$shape(gp=gp))
grid.draw(rect$mat(mat_width=c(0.2, 0.1, 0.3, 0.4), gp=gpar(fill="blue")))
popViewport()
grid.newpage()
gp <- gpar(col="black", fill="yellow")</pre>
vp \leftarrow viewport(x=1/4, y=1/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("halma")$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
vp \leftarrow viewport(x=3/4, y=1/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("pyramid")$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
vp \leftarrow viewport(x=3/4, y=3/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("kite")$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
vp <- viewport(x=1/4, y=3/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)</pre>
grid.draw(pp_shape("meeple")$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
grid.newpage()
vp \leftarrow viewport(x=1/4, y=1/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("convex3", 0)$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
vp \leftarrow viewport(x=3/4, y=1/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("convex4", 90)$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
vp <- viewport(x=3/4, y=3/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)</pre>
grid.draw(pp_shape("convex5", 180)$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
vp \leftarrow viewport(x=1/4, y=3/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("convex6", 270)$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
grid.newpage()
vp \leftarrow viewport(x=1/4, y=1/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("concave3", 0, 0.1)$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
vp \leftarrow viewport(x=3/4, y=1/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("concave4", 90, 0.2)$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
vp <- viewport(x=3/4, y=3/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("concave5", 180, 0.3)$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
vp \leftarrow viewport(x=1/4, y=3/4, width=1/2, height=1/2)
grid.draw(pp_shape("concave6", 270)$shape(gp=gp, vp=vp))
if (require("gridpattern")) {
    grid.newpage()
    hex <- pp_shape("convex6")</pre>
```

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pp_utils

Miscellaneous piecepackr utility functions

Description

cleave converts a delimiter separated string into a vector. inch(x) is equivalent to unit(x, "in"). is_color_invisible tells whether the color is transparent (and hence need not be drawn).

Usage

```
is_color_invisible(col)
inch(inches)
cleave(s, sep = ",", float = FALSE, color = FALSE)
file2grob(file, distort = TRUE)
```

Arguments

col	Color
inches	Number representing number of inches
S	String to convert
sep	Delimiter (defaults to ",")
float	If TRUE cast to numeric
color	if TRUE convert empty strings to "transparent"
file	Filename of image
distort	Logical value of whether one should preserve the aspect ratio or distort to fit the area it is drawn in

Examples

```
to_x(90, 1)
to_y(180, 0.5)
to_t(0, -1)
to_r(0.5, 0)
cleave("0.5,0.2,0.4,0.5", float=TRUE)
```

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```
cleave("black,darkred,#050EAA,,", color=TRUE)

if (require("grid")) {
    grid.rect(width=inch(1), height=inch(3), gp=gpar(fill="blue"))
}

is_color_invisible("transparent")
is_color_invisible(NA)
is_color_invisible("blue")
is_color_invisible("#05AE9C")
```

render_piece

Render image of game pieces

Description

render_piece() renders an image of game pieces to a file or graphics device. It is a wrapper around pmap_piece() that can auto-size files and graphic devices, apply axes offsets, annotate coordinates, and set up rayrender / rayvertex scenes.

Usage

```
render_piece(
  df,
  file = NULL,
  .f = piecepackr::grid.piece,
  cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", NULL),
  envir = getOption("piecepackr.envir", game_systems("sans")),
 width = NULL,
 height = NULL,
  ppi = 72,
 bg = "white",
 xoffset = NULL,
 yoffset = NULL,
 new_device = TRUE,
  dev = NULL,
 dev.args = list(res = ppi, bg = bg, units = "in"),
 annotate = FALSE,
  annotation_scale = NULL
)
```

Arguments

df

A data frame of game piece information with (at least) the named columns "piece_side", "x", and "y".

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file	Filename to save animation unless NULL in which case it either uses the current graphics device or opens a new device (depending on new_device argument).	
• • •	Arguments to pmap_piece()	
. f	Low level graphics function to use e.g. grid.piece(), piece3d(), piece_mesh(), or piece().	
cfg	A piecepackr configuration list	
envir	Environment (or named list) of piecepackr configuration lists	
width	Width of animation (in inches). Inferred by default.	
height	Height of animation (in inches). Inferred by default.	
ppi	Resolution of animation in pixels per inch.	
bg	Background color (use "transparent" for transparent)	
xoffset	Number to add to the x column in df. Inferred by default.	
yoffset	Number to add to the y column in df. Inferred by default.	
new_device	If file is NULL should we open up a new graphics device?	
dev	Graphics device function to use. If NULL infer a reasonable choice.	
dev.args	Additional arguments to pass to dev (besides filename, width, and height). Will filter out any names that aren't in formals(dev).	
annotate	If TRUE or "algebraic" annotate the plot with "algrebraic" coordinates, if FALSE or "none" don't annotate, if "cartesian" annotate the plot with "cartesian" coordinates.	
annotation_scale		
	Multiplicative factor that scales (stretches) any annotation coordinates. By default uses attr(df, "scale_factor") % % 1.	

Value

An invisible list of the dimensions of the image, as a side effect saves a graphic

See Also

This function is a wrapper around pmap_piece().

Examples

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save_ellipsoid_obj

Alternative Wavefront OBJ file generators

Description

These are alternative Wavefront OBJ generators intended to be used as a obj_fn attribute in a pp_cfg() "configuration list". save_ellipsoid_obj saves an ellipsoid with a color equal to that piece's background_color. save_peg_doll_obj saves a "peg doll" style doll with a color equal to that piece's edge_color with a "pawn belt" around it's waste from that suit's and rank's belt_face.

Usage

```
save_ellipsoid_obj(
 piece_side = "bit_face",
  suit = 1,
  rank = 1,
 cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
  . . . ,
 x = 0,
 y = 0,
 z = 0,
 angle = 0,
 axis_x = 0,
 axis_y = 0,
 width = NA,
 height = NA,
 depth = NA,
  filename = tempfile(fileext = ".obj"),
  subdivide = 3
)
save_peg_doll_obj(
 piece_side = "pawn_top",
  suit = 1,
 rank = 1,
 cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
  x = 0,
```

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```
y = 0,
z = 0,
angle = 0,
axis_x = 0,
axis_y = 0,
width = NA,
height = NA,
depth = NA,
filename = tempfile(fileext = ".obj"),
res = 72
```

Arguments

piece_side	A string with piece and side separated by a underscore e.g. "coin_face"
suit	Number of suit (starting from 1).
rank	Number of rank (starting from 1)
cfg	Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a character vector referring to names in envir or a character vector referring to object names that can be retrieved by base::dynGet().
	Ignored.
х	Where to place piece on x axis of viewport
У	Where to place piece on y axis of viewport
Z	z-coordinate of the piece. Has no effect if op_scale is \emptyset .
angle	Angle (on xy plane) to draw piece at
axis_x	First coordinate of the axis unit vector.
axis_y	Second coordinate of the axis unit vector.
width	Width of piece
height	Height of piece
depth	Depth (thickness) of piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
filename	Name of Wavefront OBJ object.
subdivide	Increasing this value makes for a smoother ellipsoid (and larger OBJ file and slower render). See ellipse3d.
res	Resolution of the faces.

See Also

See pp_cfg() for a discussion of "configuration lists". Wavefront OBJ file generators are used by save_piece_obj() and (by default) piece3d() (rgl wrapper), piece() (rayrender wrapper), and piece_mesh() (rayvertex wrapper).

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save_piece_images

Save piecepack images

Description

Saves images of all individual piecepack pieces.

Usage

```
save_piece_images(
  cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
 directory = tempdir(),
  format = "svg",
 angle = 0
)
```

Arguments

cfg Piecepack configuration list directory Directory where to place images format

Character vector of formats to save images in

Numeric vector of angles to rotate images (in degrees) angle

Examples

```
if (all(capabilities(c("cairo", "png")))) {
   cfg <- pp_cfg(list(suit_color="darkred,black,darkgreen,darkblue,grey"))</pre>
   save_piece_images(cfg, directory=tempdir(), format="svg", angle=0)
   save_piece_images(cfg, directory=tempdir(), format="png", angle=90)
}
```

save_piece_obj

Save Wavefront OBJ files of board game pieces

Description

save_piece_obj saves Wavefront OBJ files (including associated MTL and texture image) of board game pieces.

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Usage

```
save_piece_obj(
 piece_side = "tile_face",
 suit = 1,
 rank = 1,
 cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
  ...,
 x = 0,
 y = 0,
 z = 0,
 angle = 0,
 axis_x = 0,
 axis_y = 0,
 width = NA,
 height = NA,
 depth = NA,
 filename = tempfile(fileext = ".obj"),
 scale = 1,
 res = 72
)
```

Arguments

piece_side	A string with piece and side separated by a underscore e.g. "coin_face"
suit	Number of suit (starting from 1).
rank	Number of rank (starting from 1)
cfg	Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object, a list of pp_cfg objects, or a character vector referring to names in envir or a character vector referring to object names that can be retrieved by base::dynGet().
	Ignored.
х	Where to place piece on x axis of viewport
У	Where to place piece on y axis of viewport
z	z-coordinate of the piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
angle	Angle (on xy plane) to draw piece at
axis_x	First coordinate of the axis unit vector.
axis_y	Second coordinate of the axis unit vector.
width	Width of piece
height	Height of piece
depth	Depth (thickness) of piece. Has no effect if op_scale is 0.
filename	Name of Wavefront OBJ object.
scale	Multiplicative scaling factor to apply to width, height, and depth.
res	Resolution of the faces.

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Value

A list with named elements "obj", "mtl", "png" with the created filenames.

See Also

See geometry_utils for a discussion of the 3D rotation parameterization.

Examples

```
if (all(capabilities(c("cairo", "png")))) {
  cfg <- game_systems("sans3d")$dominoes
  files <- save_piece_obj("tile_face", suit = 3+1, rank=6+1, cfg = cfg)
  print(files)
}</pre>
```

save_print_and_play

Save piecepack print-and-play (PnP) file

Description

Save piecepack print-and-play (PnP) file

Usage

```
save_print_and_play(
  cfg = getOption("piecepackr.cfg", pp_cfg()),
  output_filename = "piecepack.pdf",
  size = c("letter", "A4", "A5", "4x6"),
  pieces = NULL,
  arrangement = c("single-sided", "double-sided"),
  dev = NULL,
  dev.args = list(family = cfg$fontfamily, onefile = TRUE, units = "in", bg = "white",
      res = 300),
  quietly = FALSE,
    ...,
  bleed = FALSE,
  size_bleed = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
cfg Piecepack configuration list or pp_cfg object output_filename

Filename for print-and-play file
```

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PnP output size (currently supports either "letter", "A4", "A5", or "4x6"). This size is the targeted "trim" size of the print-and-play file (size_bleed can be used to make the print-and-play file larger than this). Size "4x6" currently only supports pieces = "piecepack" and doesn't support bleed = TRUE. "A5" is in "portrait" mode whereas the other sizes are in "landscape" mode.

> Character vector of desired PnP pieces. Supports "piecepack", "matchsticks", "pyramids", "subpack", or "all". If NULL and combination of size / bleed values supports "matchsticks" and "pyramids" then defaults to c("piecepack", "pyramids", "matchsticks") else just "piecepack".

Either "single-sided" or "double-sided". Ignored if size = "4x6". arrangement Graphics device function to use. If NULL infer a reasonable choice.

dev.args Additional arguments to pass to dev (besides filename, width, and height).

Will filter out any names that aren't in formals(dev).

quietly Whether to hide messages about missing metadata in the provided configuration.

Currently ignored.

If TRUE produce a variant print-and-play file with "bleed" zones and "crop marks" bleed

around game pieces. Currently only supports pieces = "piecepack" and doesn't

support size = "4x6".

size_bleed A list with names "top", "right", "bottom", "left" containing numeric values in-

dicating the inches "bleed" to add to the size of the print-and-play layout. The default NULL means no such bleed added to "letter", "A4", "A5" layouts and a small bleed added to "4x6" layouts (1/16" to top/bottom and 3/32" to left/right). NB. multiply millimeters by 0.0393700787 to convert to inches. We currently don't support an asymmetric left/right bleed combined with arrangement =

"double-sided".

Examples

pieces

dev

```
if (capabilities("cairo")) {
   cfg <- pp_cfg(list(invert_colors.suited=TRUE))</pre>
    cfg$description <- 'Piecepack with an "inverted" color scheme.'
   cfg$title <- '"Inverted" piecepack'</pre>
   cfg$copyright <- "\u00a9 2022 Trevor L Davis. Some Right Reserved."
   cfg$spdx_id <- "CC-BY-4.0"
   cfg$credit <- ""
    save_print_and_play(cfg, "my_pnp_file.pdf")
    save_print_and_play(cfg, "my_pnp_file_ds.pdf", arrangement="double-sided")
   save_print_and_play(cfg, "my_pnp_file_A4.pdf", size="A4", pieces="all")
    save_print_and_play(cfg, "my_pnp_file_A5.pdf", size="A5")
   unlink("my_pnp_file.pdf")
   unlink("my_pnp_file_ds.pdf")
   unlink("my_pnp_file_A4.pdf")
   unlink("my_pnp_file_A5.pdf")
}
```

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scale_x_piece

ggplot2 game diagram scales

Description

scale_x_piece() and scale_y_piece() are wrappers around ggplot2::scale_x_continuous() and ggplot2::scale_y_continuous() with "better" defaults for board game diagrams. label_letter() labels breaks with letters and label_counting() labels breaks with positive integers to more easily generate (i.e. chess) algebraic notation coordinates. breaks_counting() generates breaks of just the positive integers within the limits.

Usage

```
scale_x_piece(
  . . . ,
 name = NULL,
 breaks = breaks_counting(),
 minor_breaks = NULL,
  labels = label_letter()
)
scale_y_piece(
 name = NULL,
 breaks = breaks_counting(),
 minor_breaks = NULL,
  labels = label_counting()
)
label_letter()
label_counting()
breaks_counting()
```

Arguments

Passed to ggplot2::scale_x_continuous() or ggplot2::scale_y_continuous(). . . .

name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default,

the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If

NULL, the legend title will be omitted.

One of: breaks

- NULL for no breaks
- waiver() for the default breaks computed by the transformation object
- A numeric vector of positions

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• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output (e.g., a function returned by scales::extended_breaks()). Also accepts rlang lambda function notation.

minor_breaks One of:

- · NULL for no minor breaks
- waiver() for the default breaks (one minor break between each major break)
- A numeric vector of positions
- A function that given the limits returns a vector of minor breaks. Also accepts rlang lambda function notation.

labels One of:

- NULL for no labels
- waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object
- A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)
- A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output. Also accepts rlang lambda function notation.

Value

scale_x_piece() and scale_y_piece() return ggplot2 scale objects. label_letter() and label_counting()
return functions suitable for use with the labels scale argument. breaks_counting() returns a
function suitable for use with the breaks scale argument.

Examples

```
if (require("ggplot2") && require("tibble")) {
 envir <- game_systems("sans")</pre>
 df_board <- tibble(piece_side = "board_face", suit = 3, rank = 8,</pre>
                 x = 4.5, y = 4.5
 df_w <- tibble(piece_side = "bit_face", suit = 6, rank = 1,</pre>
                 x = rep(1:8, 2), y = rep(1:2, each=8))
 df_b <- tibble(piece_side = "bit_face", suit = 1, rank = 1,</pre>
                 x = rep(1:8, 2), y = rep(7:8, each=8))
 df <- rbind(df_board, df_w, df_b)</pre>
 # `cfg` must be a character vector for `geom_piece()`
 ggplot(df, aes_piece(df)) +
      geom_piece(cfg = "checkers1", envir = envir) +
      coord_fixed() +
      scale_x_piece() +
      scale_y_piece() +
      theme_minimal(28) +
      theme(panel.grid = element_blank())
}
```

48 spdx_license_list

spdx_license_list

SPDX License List data

Description

spdx_license_list is a data frame of SPDX License List data.

Usage

```
spdx_license_list
```

Format

a data frame with eight variables:

id SPDX Identifier.

name Full name of license. For Creative Commons licenses these have been tweaked from the SPDX version to more closely match the full name used by Creative Commons Foundation.

url URL for copy of license located at spdx.org

fsf Is this license considered Free/Libre by the FSF?

osi Is this license OSI approved?

deprecated Has this SPDFX Identifier been deprecated by SPDX?

badge Filename of appropriate "button mark" badge (if any) located in system.file("extdata/badges",
 package = "piecepackr").

url_alt Alternative URL for license. Manually created for a subset of Creative Commons licenses. Others taken from https://github.com/sindresorhus/spdx-license-list.

See Also

See https://spdx.org/licenses/ for more information.

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