Package 'regmedint'

April 6, 2022

Title Regression-Based Causal Mediation Analysis with Interaction and Effect Modification Terms

Version 1.0.0

License GPL-2

Description This is an extension of the regression-based causal mediation analysis first proposed by Valeri and VanderWeele (2013) <doi:10.1037/a0031034> and Valeri and VanderWeele (2015) <doi:10.1097/EDE.00000000000000253>). It supports including effect measure modification by covariates(treatment-covariate and mediator-covariate product terms in mediator and outcome regression models). It also accommodates the original 'SAS' macro and 'PROC CAUSALMED' procedure in 'SAS' when there is no effect measure modification. Linear and logistic models are supported for the mediator model. Linear, logistic, loglinear, Poisson, negative binomial, Cox, and accelerated failure time (exponential and Weibull) models are supported for the outcome model.

Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
Imports Deriv, MASS, Matrix, assertthat, sandwich, survival
Suggests boot, furrr, future, geepack, knitr, mice, mitools, modelr, purrr, rlang, rmarkdown, stringr, testthat, tidyverse, magic, formattable, kableExtra
RoxygenNote 7.1.2
VignetteBuilder knitr

URL https://kaz-yos.github.io/regmedint/

BugReports https://github.com/kaz-yos/regmedint/issues

Depends R (>= 2.10) **NeedsCompilation** no

Author Kazuki Yoshida [cre, aut] (https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2030-3549),
Yi Li [ctb, aut] (https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9359-210X),
Mayo Mathan [ath] (https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2030-3549)

Maya Mathur [ctb] (https://orcid.org/0000-0001-6698-2607)

Maintainer Kazuki Yoshida <kazuki yoshida@mail.harvard.edu>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2022-04-06 20:20:02 UTC

2 beta_hat

R topics documented:

myreg myreg_mi myreg_mi myreg_mi egmedint ummary_ it.regmedi eg prop_med prop_med egmedint	reg_line reg_line reg_logi reg_logi regmed int	ar_yrd	eg_ eg_ /reg /reg	linglog	ear gist inea ogi:	ic . ar . stic 																		 	4 5 7 8
myreg_mi myreg_mi myreg_mi egmedint ummary_ it.regmed eg eg prop_med prop_med egmedint	eg_line eg_logi eg_logi regmed int	ar_yrdstic_ydstic_ydstic_ydstic_ydstic_ydstic_ydstic_ydstic_the control of the co	eg_ /reg /reg	log g_li g_lo	gisti inea ogi: 	ic . ar . stic 										 								 	5 7 8
myreg_mi myreg_mi egmedint ummary_ it.regmedi eg eg prop_med prop_med egmedint	reg_logiceg_lo	stic_y stic_y int	reg	g_li g_lo	inea	ar . stic										 		 			 			 	7 8
nyreg_mi egmedint ummary_ it.regmedi eg eg prop_mec prop_mec egmedint	reg_logi	istic_y int int .	reg	g_lo	ogi: · ·	stic 	· .														 			 	8
egmedint ummary_ it.regmedi eg eg prop_mec prop_mec egmedint	regmed int	int	 																						
ummary_ it.regmedi eg eg prop_mec prop_mec egmedint	regmed int I_yreg_ I_yreg_	int linear	 																						0
it.regmediceg eg prop_medicegmedint	nt	 linear	 																						9
eg eg prop_med prop_med egmedint	 l_yreg_ l_yreg_	 linear											•						٠	•			•		10
eg prop_med prop_med regmedint	 l_yreg_ l_yreg_	 linear							٠																11
prop_med prop_med regmedint	l_yreg_ l_yreg_	linear																							13
prop_medint	l_yreg_																								13
egmedint		المناجبة	•																						15
_		iogist	ic																						15
egmedint																									16
																									17
summary_	regmed	lint .																							19
med_yreg	_linear																								20
med_yreg	_logist	ic .																							20
dint																									21
_missing																									24
ary.regme	edint .																								24
ary.regme	edint_m	od_p	oiss	son																					26
te_args																									28
te_regme	dint .																								29
egmedint																									30
egmedint	_mod_p	oisso	n																						31
5															•										31
																									33
t n n	edint t_missing nary.regmenary.regmenary.regmenat	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint	edint t_missing nary.regmedint nary.regmedint_mod_poisson _hat ate_args nate_regmedint regmedint regmedint regmedint_mod_poisson	edint	edint	_med_yreg_logistic edint t_missing nary.regmedint

Description

beta_hat

This function extracts coef from mreg_fit and pads with zeros appropriately to create a named vector consistently having the following elements: (Intercept), avar, cvar (this part is eliminated when cvar = NULL), emm_ac_mreg (this part is eliminated when emm_ac_mreg = NULL).

Create a vector of coefficients from the mediator model (mreg)

Usage

```
beta_hat(mreg, mreg_fit, avar, cvar, emm_ac_mreg = NULL)
```

3 calc_myreg

Arguments

A character vector of length 1. Mediator regression type: "linear" or "logistic". mreg Model fit object for mreg (mediator model). mreg_fit A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name. avar A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no cvar covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar. A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector emm_ac_mreg

in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.

Value

A named numeric vector of coefficients.

calc_myreg Return mediation analysis functions given mediator and outcome models specifications.

Description

This function returns functions that can be used to calculate the causal effect measures, given the mediator model fit (mreg_fit) and the outcome model fit (yreg_fit).

Usage

```
calc_myreg(
  mreg,
 mreg_fit,
  yreg,
 yreg_fit,
  avar,
 mvar,
  cvar,
  emm_ac_mreg,
  emm_ac_yreg,
  emm_mc_yreg,
  interaction
)
```

Arguments

A character vector of length 1. Mediator regression type: "linear" or "logistic". mreg mreg_fit Model fit from fit_mreg

yreg	A character vector of length 1. Outcome regression type: "linear", "logistic", "loglinear", "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".
<pre>yreg_fit</pre>	Model fit from fit_yreg
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
emm_ac_mreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.
emm_ac_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.
emm_mc_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.
interaction	A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in the outcome model. Default to TRUE.

Value

A list containing two functions. The first is for calculating point estimates. The second is for calculating the correspoding

```
calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_linear

Create calculators for effects and se (mreg linear / yreg linear)
```

Description

Construct functions for the conditional effect estimates and their standard errors in the mreg linear / yreg linear setting. Internally, this function deconstructs model objects and feeds parameter estiamtes to the internal worker functions calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_linear_est and calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_linear_se.

Usage

```
calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_linear(
   mreg,
   mreg_fit,
   yreg,
   yreg_fit,
   avar,
   mvar,
   cvar,
   emm_ac_mreg,
```

```
emm_ac_yreg,
emm_mc_yreg,
interaction
)
```

Arguments

mreg	A character vector of length 1. Mediator regression type: "linear" or "logistic".
mreg_fit	Model fit from fit_mreg
yreg	A character vector of length 1. Outcome regression type: "linear", "logistic", "loglinear", "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".
yreg_fit	Model fit from fit_yreg
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
emm_ac_mreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.
emm_ac_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.
emm_mc_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.
interaction	A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in the outcome model. Default to TRUE.

Value

A list containing a function for effect estimates and a function for corresponding standard errors.

```
calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_logistic

Create calculators for effects and se (mreg linear / yreg logistic)
```

Description

Construct functions for the conditional effect estimates and their standard errors in the mreg linear / yreg logistic setting. Internally, this function deconstructs model objects and feeds parameter estimates to the internal worker functions calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_logistic_est and calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_logistic_se.

Usage

```
calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_logistic(
   mreg,
   mreg_fit,
   yreg,
   yreg_fit,
   avar,
   mvar,
   cvar,
   emm_ac_mreg,
   emm_ac_yreg,
   emm_mc_yreg,
   interaction
)
```

Arguments

mreg	A character vector of length 1. Mediator regression type: "linear" or "logistic".
mreg_fit	Model fit from fit_mreg
yreg	A character vector of length 1. Outcome regression type: "linear", "logistic", "loglinear", "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".
<pre>yreg_fit</pre>	Model fit from fit_yreg
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
emm_ac_mreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.
emm_ac_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.
emm_mc_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.
interaction	A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in the outcome model. Default to TRUE.

Value

A list containing a function for effect estimates and a function for corresponding standard errors.

```
calc_myreg_mreg_logistic_yreg_linear

Create calculators for effects and se (mreg logistic / yreg linear)
```

Description

Construct functions for the conditional effect estimates and their standard errors in the mreg logistic / yreg linear setting. Internally, this function deconstructs model objects and feeds parameter estimates to the internal worker functions calc_myreg_mreg_logistic_yreg_linear_est and calc_myreg_mreg_logistic_yreg_linear_se.

Usage

```
calc_myreg_mreg_logistic_yreg_linear(
    mreg,
    mreg_fit,
    yreg,
    yreg_fit,
    avar,
    mvar,
    cvar,
    emm_ac_mreg,
    emm_ac_yreg,
    emm_mc_yreg,
    interaction
)
```

Arguments

A character vector of length 1. Mediator regression type: "linear" or "logistic".
Model fit from fit_mreg
A character vector of length 1. Outcome regression type: "linear", "logistic", "loglinear", "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".
Model fit from fit_yreg
A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.
A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.

emm_mc_yreg A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.

A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in

the outcome model. Default to TRUE.

Value

A list containing a function for effect estimates and a function for corresponding standard errors.

```
calc_myreg_mreg_logistic_yreg_logistic

Create calculators for effects and se (mreg logistic / yreg logistic)
```

Description

Construct functions for the conditional effect estimates and their standard errors in the mreg logistic / yreg logistic setting. Internally, this function deconstructs model objects and feeds parameter estimates to the internal worker functions calc_myreg_mreg_logistic_yreg_logistic_est and calc_myreg_mreg_logistic_yreg_logistic_se.

Usage

```
calc_myreg_mreg_logistic_yreg_logistic(
   mreg,
   mreg_fit,
   yreg,
   yreg_fit,
   avar,
   mvar,
   cvar,
   emm_ac_mreg,
   emm_ac_yreg,
   emm_mc_yreg,
   interaction
)
```

Arguments

coef.regmedint 9

cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
emm_ac_mreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.
emm_ac_yreg	A character vector of length > 0 . Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.
emm_mc_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.
interaction	A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in the outcome model. Default to TRUE.

Value

A list containing a function for effect estimates and a function for corresponding standard errors.

	C	pef.regmedint	Extract point estimates.
--	---	---------------	--------------------------

Description

Extract point estimates evaluated at a0, a1, m_cde, and c_cond.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'regmedint'
coef(object, a0 = NULL, a1 = NULL, m_cde = NULL, c_cond = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of the regmedint class.
a0	A numeric vector of length 1
a1	A numeric vector of length 1
m_cde	A numeric vector of length 1 The mediator value at which the controlled direct effect (CDE) conditional on the adjustment covariates is evaluated. If not provided, the default value supplied to the call to regmedint will be used. Only the CDE is affected.
c_cond	A numeric vector of the same length as cvar. A set of covariate values at which the conditional natural effects are evaluated.
• • •	For compatibility with the generic. Ignored.

Value

A numeric vector of point estimates.

Examples

```
library(regmedint)
data(vv2015)
regmedint_obj <- regmedint(data = vv2015,</pre>
                           ## Variables
                           yvar = "y",
                           avar = "x",
                           mvar = "m",
                           cvar = c("c"),
                           eventvar = "event",
                           ## Values at which effects are evaluated
                           a0 = 0,
                           a1 = 1,
                           m\_cde = 1,
                           c\_cond = 0.5,
                           ## Model types
                           mreg = "logistic",
                           yreg = "survAFT_weibull",
                            ## Additional specification
                            interaction = TRUE,
                            casecontrol = FALSE)
coef(regmedint_obj)
## Evaluate at different values
coef(regmedint_obj, m_cde = 0, c_cond = 1)
```

 $coef.summary_regmedint$

Extract the result matrix from a summary_regmedint object.

Description

Extract the result matrix from a summary_regmedint object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary_regmedint'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object An object with a class of summary_regmedint.
... For compatibility with the generic.

Value

A matrix populated with results.

confint.regmedint 11

Examples

```
library(regmedint)
data(vv2015)
regmedint_obj <- regmedint(data = vv2015,</pre>
                           ## Variables
                           yvar = "y",
                           avar = x,
                           mvar = "m",
                           cvar = c("c"),
                           eventvar = "event",
                            ## Values at which effects are evaluated
                           a0 = 0,
                           a1 = 1,
                           m\_cde = 1,
                           c\_cond = 0.5,
                           ## Model types
                           mreg = "logistic",
                           yreg = "survAFT_weibull",
                            ## Additional specification
                            interaction = TRUE,
                            casecontrol = FALSE)
coef(summary(regmedint_obj))
```

confint.regmedint

Confidence intervals for mediation prameter estimates.

Description

Construct Wald approximate confidence intervals for the quantities of interest.

Usage

```
## $3 method for class 'regmedint'
confint(
  object,
  parm = NULL,
  level = 0.95,
  a0 = NULL,
  a1 = NULL,
  m_cde = NULL,
  c_cond = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object

An object of the regmedint class.

12 confint.regmedint

parm	For compatibility with generic. Ignored.
level	A numeric vector of length one. Requested confidence level. Defaults to 0.95.
a0	A numeric vector of length 1
a1	A numeric vector of length 1
m_cde	A numeric vector of length 1 The mediator value at which the controlled direct effect (CDE) conditional on the adjustment covariates is evaluated. If not provided, the default value supplied to the call to regmedint will be used. Only the CDE is affected.
c_cond	A numeric vector of the same length as cvar. A set of covariate values at which the conditional natural effects are evaluated.
	For compatibility with generic.

Value

A numeric matrix of the lower limit and upper limit.

Examples

```
library(regmedint)
data(vv2015)
regmedint_obj <- regmedint(data = vv2015,</pre>
                           ## Variables
                           yvar = "y",
                           avar = x,
                           mvar = "m",
                           cvar = c("c"),
                           eventvar = "event",
                           ## Values at which effects are evaluated
                           a0 = 0,
                           a1 = 1,
                           m\_cde = 1,
                           c\_cond = 0.5,
                           ## Model types
                           mreg = "logistic",
                           yreg = "survAFT_weibull",
                           ## Additional specification
                           interaction = TRUE,
                           casecontrol = FALSE)
confint(regmedint_obj)
## Evaluate at different values
confint(regmedint_obj, m_cde = 0, c_cond = 1)
## Change confidence level
confint(regmedint_obj, m_cde = 0, c_cond = 1, level = 0.99)
```

fit_mreg

fit_mreg Fit a model for the mediator given the treatment and covariates.	
---	--

Description

```
lm is called if mreg = "linear". glm is called with family = binomial() if mreg = "logistic".
```

Usage

```
fit_mreg(mreg, data, avar, mvar, cvar, emm_ac_mreg = NULL)
```

Arguments

mreg	A character vector of length 1. Mediator regression type: "linear" or "logistic'
data	Data frame containing the following relevant variables.
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
emm_ac_mreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.

Value

A regression object of class lm (linear) or glm (logistic)

fit_yreg	Fit a model for the outcome given the treatment, mediator, and covari-
	ates.

Description

The outcome model type yreg can be one of the following "linear", "logistic", "loglinear" (implemented as modified Poisson), "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".

fit_yreg

Usage

```
fit_yreg(
   yreg,
   data,
   yvar,
   avar,
   mvar,
   cvar,
   emm_ac_yreg = NULL,
   ewm_mc_yreg = NULL,
   eventvar,
   interaction
)
```

Arguments

yreg	A character vector of length 1. Outcome regression type: "linear", "logistic", "loglinear", "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".
data	Data frame containing the following relevant variables.
yvar	A character vector of length 1. Outcome variable name. It should be the time variable for the survival outcome.
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
emm_ac_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.
emm_mc_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.
eventvar	An character vector of length 1. Only required for survival outcome regression models. Note that the coding is 1 for event and 0 for censoring, following the R survival package convention.
interaction	A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in the outcome model. Default to TRUE.

Details

The outcome regression functions to be called are the following:

```
"linear" lm"logistic" glm"loglinear" glm (modified Poisson)"poisson" glm
```

```
• "negbin" glm.nb
```

- "survCox" coxph
- "survAFT_exp" survreg
- "survAFT_weibull" survreg

Value

Model fit object from on of the above regression functions.

```
grad_prop_med_yreg_linear
```

Calculate the gradient of the proportion mediated for yreg linear.

Description

Calculate the gradient of the proportion mediated for yreg linear case.

Usage

```
grad_prop_med_yreg_linear(pnde, tnie)
```

Arguments

pnde A numeric vector of length one. Pure natural direct effect.

tnie A numeric vector of length one. Total natural indirect effect.

Value

A numeric vector of length two. Gradient of the proportion mediated with respect to pnde and tnie.

```
grad_prop_med_yreg_logistic
```

Calculate the gradient of the proportion mediated for yreg logistic.

Description

Calculate the gradient of the proportion mediated for yreg logistic case.

Usage

```
grad_prop_med_yreg_logistic(pnde, tnie)
```

Arguments

pnde A numeric vector of length one. Pure natural direct effect.
tnie A numeric vector of length one. Total natural indirect effect.

new_regmedint

Value

A numeric vector of length two. Gradient of the proportion mediated with respect to pnde and tnie.

new_regmedint

Low level constructor for a regmedint S3 class object.

Description

This is not a user function and meant to be executed within the regmedint function after validating the arguments.

Usage

```
new_regmedint(
  data,
 yvar,
  avar,
 mvar,
  cvar,
  emm_ac_mreg,
  emm_ac_yreg,
  emm_mc_yreg,
  eventvar,
  a0,
  a1,
 m_cde,
  c_cond,
 yreg,
 mreg,
  interaction,
  casecontrol
)
```

Arguments

data	Data frame containing the following relevant variables.
yvar	A character vector of length 1. Outcome variable name. It should be the time variable for the survival outcome.
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.

print.regmedint 17

emm_ac_mreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.
emm_ac_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.
emm_mc_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.
eventvar	An character vector of length 1. Only required for survival outcome regression models. Note that the coding is 1 for event and 0 for censoring, following the R survival package convention.
a0	A numeric vector of length 1. The reference level of treatment variable that is considered "untreated" or "unexposed".
a1	A numeric vector of length 1.
m_cde	A numeric vector of length 1. Mediator level at which controlled direct effect is evaluated at.
c_cond	A numeric vector of the same length as cvar. Covariate levels at which natural direct and indirect effects are evaluated at.
yreg	A character vector of length 1. Outcome regression type: "linear", "logistic", "loglinear", "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".
mreg	A character vector of length 1. Mediator regression type: "linear" or "logistic".
interaction	A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in the outcome model. Default to TRUE.
casecontrol	A logical vector of length 1. Default to FALSE. Whether data comes from a case-control study.

Value

A regmedint object.

```
print.regmedint print method for regmedint object
```

Description

Print the mreg_fit, yreg_fit, and the mediation analysis effect estimates.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'regmedint'
print(
    x,
    a0 = NULL,
    a1 = NULL,
    m_cde = NULL,
    c_cond = NULL,
```

print.regmedint

```
args_mreg_fit = list(),
args_yreg_fit = list(),
...
)
```

Arguments

Χ	An object of the regmedint class.
a0	A numeric vector of length 1
a1	A numeric vector of length 1
m_cde	A numeric vector of length 1 The mediator value at which the controlled direct effect (CDE) conditional on the adjustment covariates is evaluated. If not provided, the default value supplied to the call to regmedint will be used. Only the CDE is affected.
c_cond	A numeric vector of the same length as cvar. A set of covariate values at which the conditional natural effects are evaluated.
args_mreg_fit	A named list of argument to be passed to the method for the mreg_fit object.
args_yreg_fit	A named list of argument to be passed to the method for the mreg_fit object.
	For compatibility with the generic. Ignored.

Value

Invisibly return the regmedint class object as is.

Examples

```
library(regmedint)
data(vv2015)
regmedint_obj <- regmedint(data = vv2015,</pre>
                           ## Variables
                           yvar = "y",
                           avar = x,
                           mvar = "m",
                           cvar = c("c"),
                           eventvar = "event",
                           ## Values at which effects are evaluated
                           a0 = 0,
                           a1 = 1,
                           m\_cde = 1,
                           c\_cond = 0.5,
                           ## Model types
                           mreg = "logistic",
                           yreg = "survAFT_weibull",
                           ## Additional specification
                           interaction = TRUE,
                           casecontrol = FALSE)
## Implicit printing
regmedint_obj
## Explicit printing
```

```
print(regmedint_obj)
## Evaluate at different values
print(regmedint_obj, m_cde = 0, c_cond = 1)
```

```
print.summary_regmedint
```

Print method for summary objects from summary.regmedint

Description

Print results contained in a summary_regmedint object with additional explanation regarding the evaluation settings.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary_regmedint'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- x An object of the class summary_regmedint.
- ... For compatibility with the generic function.

Value

Invisibly return the first argument.

Examples

```
library(regmedint)
data(vv2015)
regmedint_obj <- regmedint(data = vv2015,</pre>
                            ## Variables
                            yvar = "y",
                            avar = x^*
                            mvar = "m",
                            cvar = c("c"),
                            eventvar = "event",
                            ## Values at which effects are evaluated
                            a0 = 0,
                            a1 = 1,
                            m\_cde = 1,
                            c\_cond = 0.5,
                            ## Model types
                            mreg = "logistic",
                            yreg = "survAFT_weibull",
                            ## Additional specification
                            interaction = TRUE,
```

```
casecontrol = FALSE)
```

```
## Implicit printing
summary(regmedint_obj)
## Explicit printing
print(summary(regmedint_obj))
```

prop_med_yreg_linear Calculate the proportion mediated for yreg linear.

Description

Calculate the proportion mediated on the mean difference scale.

Usage

```
prop_med_yreg_linear(pnde, tnie)
```

Arguments

pnde Pure natural direct effect. tnie Total natural indirect effect.

Value

Proportion mediated value.

```
prop_med_yreg_logistic
```

Calculate the proportion mediated for yreg logistic.

Description

Calculate the approximate proportion mediated on the risk difference scale.

Usage

```
prop_med_yreg_logistic(pnde, tnie)
```

Arguments

pnde Pure natural direct effect on the log scale.
tnie Total natural indirect effect on the log scale.

Value

Proportion mediated value.

regmedint 21

regmedint

regmedint: A package for regression-based causal mediation analysis

Description

The package is an R implementation of regression-based closed-form causal mediation as originally described in Valeri & VanderWeele 2013 and Valeri & VanderWeele 2015 https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/tyler-vanderweele/tools-and-tutorials/. The earlier version is a sister program of the SAS macro. The current extended version (version 1.0 and later) supports effect modification by covariates (treatment-covariate and mediator-covariate product terms) in mediator and outcome models.

This is a user-interface for regression-based causal mediation analysis as described in Valeri & VanderWeele 2013 and Valeri & VanderWeele 2015.

Usage

```
regmedint(
  data,
  yvar,
  avar,
 mvar,
  cvar,
  emm_ac_mreg = NULL,
  emm_ac_yreg = NULL,
  emm_mc_yreg = NULL,
  eventvar = NULL,
  a0,
  a1,
 m_cde,
  c_cond,
 mreg,
  yreg,
  interaction = TRUE,
  casecontrol = FALSE,
  na_omit = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

data	Data frame containing the following relevant variables.
yvar	A character vector of length 1. Outcome variable name. It should be the time variable for the survival outcome.
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.

22 regmedint

cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
emm_ac_mreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.
emm_ac_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.
emm_mc_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.
eventvar	An character vector of length 1. Only required for survival outcome regression models. Note that the coding is 1 for event and 0 for censoring, following the R survival package convention.
a0	A numeric vector of length 1. The reference level of treatment variable that is considered "untreated" or "unexposed".
a1	A numeric vector of length 1.
m_cde	A numeric vector of length 1. Mediator level at which controlled direct effect is evaluated at.
c_cond	A numeric vector of the same length as cvar. Covariate levels at which natural direct and indirect effects are evaluated at.
mreg	A character vector of length 1. Mediator regression type: "linear" or "logistic".
yreg	A character vector of length 1. Outcome regression type: "linear", "logistic", "loglinear", "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".
interaction	A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in the outcome model. Default to TRUE.
casecontrol	A logical vector of length 1. Default to FALSE. Whether data comes from a case-control study.
na_omit	A logical vector of length 1. Default to FALSE. Whether to remove NAs in the columns of interest before fitting the models.

Value

regmedint object, which is a list containing the mediator regression object, the outcome regression object, and the regression-based mediation results.

Fitting models

Use the regmedint function to fit models and set up regression-based causal mediation analysis.

Examining results

Several methods are available to examine the regmedint object. print summary coef confint

regmedint 23

Examples

```
library(regmedint)
data(vv2015)
regmedint_obj1 <- regmedint(data = vv2015,</pre>
                             ## Variables
                             yvar = "y",
                             avar = x^*,
                             mvar = "m",
                             cvar = c("c"),
                             eventvar = "event",
                             ## Values at which effects are evaluated
                             a0 = 0,
                             a1 = 1,
                             m\_cde = 1,
                             c\_cond = 3,
                             ## Model types
                             mreg = "logistic",
                             yreg = "survAFT_weibull",
                             ## Additional specification
                             interaction = TRUE,
                             casecontrol = FALSE)
summary(regmedint_obj1)
regmedint_obj2 <- regmedint(data = vv2015,</pre>
                             ## Variables
                             yvar = "y",
                             avar = "x"
                             mvar = "m"
                             cvar = c("c"),
                             emm_ac_mreg = c("c"),
                             emm_ac_yreg = c("c"),
                             emm_mc_yreg = c("c"),
                             eventvar = "event",
                             ## Values at which effects are evaluated
                             a0 = 0,
                             a1 = 1,
                             m\_cde = 1,
                             c\_cond = 3,
                             ## Model types
                             mreg = "logistic",
                             yreg = "survAFT_weibull",
                             ## Additional specification
                             interaction = TRUE,
                             casecontrol = FALSE)
summary(regmedint_obj2)
```

24 summary.regmedint

report_missing	Report variables with missing data	
----------------	------------------------------------	--

Description

Report the number of missing observations for each variables of interest relevant for the analysis

Usage

```
report_missing(data, yvar, avar, mvar, cvar, eventvar)
```

Arguments

data	Data frame containing the following relevant variables.
yvar	A character vector of length 1. Outcome variable name. It should be the time variable for the survival outcome.
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
eventvar	An character vector of length 1. Only required for survival outcome regression models. Note that the coding is 1 for event and 0 for censoring, following the R survival package convention.

Value

No return value, called for side effects.

summary.regmedint	summary method for regmedint object	

Description

Summarize the mreg_fit, yreg_fit, and the mediation analysis effect estimates.

summary.regmedint 25

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'regmedint'
summary(
   object,
   a0 = NULL,
   a1 = NULL,
   m_cde = NULL,
   c_cond = NULL,
   args_mreg_fit = list(),
   args_yreg_fit = list(),
   exponentiate = FALSE,
   level = 0.95,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

object	An object of the regmedint class.
a0	A numeric vector of length 1
a1	A numeric vector of length 1
m_cde	A numeric vector of length 1 The mediator value at which the controlled direct effect (CDE) conditional on the adjustment covariates is evaluated. If not provided, the default value supplied to the call to regmedint will be used. Only the CDE is affected.
c_cond	A numeric vector of the same length as cvar. A set of covariate values at which the conditional natural effects are evaluated.
args_mreg_fit	A named list of argument to be passed to the method for the mreg_fit object.
args_yreg_fit	A named list of argument to be passed to the method for the mreg_fit object.
exponentiate	Whether to add exponentiated point and confidence limit estimates. When yreg = "linear", it is ignored.
level	Confidence level for the confidence intervals.
	For compatibility with the generic. Ignored.

Value

A summary_regmedint object, which is a list containing the summary objects of the mreg_fit and the yreg_fit as well as the mediation analysis results.

Examples

```
mvar = "m",
                           cvar = c("c"),
                           eventvar = "event",
                           ## Values at which effects are evaluated
                           a0 = 0,
                           a1 = 1,
                           m\_cde = 1,
                           c\_cond = 0.5,
                           ## Model types
                           mreg = "logistic",
                           yreg = "survAFT_weibull",
                           ## Additional specification
                           interaction = TRUE,
                           casecontrol = FALSE)
## Detailed result with summary
summary(regmedint_obj)
## Add exponentiate results for non-linear outcome models
summary(regmedint_obj, exponentiate = TRUE)
## Evaluate at different values
summary(regmedint_obj, m_cde = 0, c_cond = 1)
## Change confidence level
summary(regmedint_obj, m_cde = 0, c_cond = 1, level = 0.99)
```

```
summary.regmedint_mod_poisson
```

Summary with robust sandwich variance estimator for modified Poisson

Description

This is a version of summary.glm modified to use the robust variance estimator sandwich.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'regmedint_mod_poisson'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object A model object of the class regmedint_mod_poisson
... For compatibility with the generic.

Value

An object of the class summary.glm

theta_hat 27

theta_hat

Create a vector of coefficients from the outcome model (yreg)

Description

This function extracts coef from yreg_fit and 3s with zeros appropriately to create a named vector consistently having the following elements: (Intercept) (a zero element is added for yreg = "survCox" for which no intercept is estimated (the baseline hazard is left unspecified)), avar, mvar, avar:mvar (a zero element is added when interaction = FALSE). cvar (this part is eliminated when cvar = NULL), emm_ac_yreg (this part is eliminated when emm_ac_yreg = NULL), emm_mc_yreg (this part is eliminated when emm_mc_yreg = NULL).

Usage

```
theta_hat(
  yreg,
  yreg_fit,
  avar,
  mvar,
  cvar,
  emm_ac_yreg = NULL,
  emm_mc_yreg = NULL,
  interaction
)
```

Arguments

yreg	A character vector of length 1. Outcome regression type: "linear", "logistic", "loglinear", "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".
<pre>yreg_fit</pre>	Model fit object for yreg (outcome model).
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
emm_ac_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.
emm_mc_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.
interaction	A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in the outcome model. Default to TRUE.

Value

A named numeric vector of coefficients.

28 validate_args

validate_args

Validate arguments to regmedint before passing to other functions

Description

Internal functions (usually) do not validate arguments, thus, we need to make sure informative errors are raised when the arguments are not safe for subsequent computation.

Usage

```
validate_args(
  data,
 yvar,
  avar,
 mvar,
  cvar,
  emm_ac_mreg,
  emm_ac_yreg,
  emm_mc_yreg,
  eventvar,
  a0,
  a1,
 m_cde,
  c_cond,
 mreg,
 yreg,
  interaction,
  casecontrol
)
```

Arguments

data	Data frame containing the following relevant variables.
yvar	A character vector of length 1. Outcome variable name. It should be the time variable for the survival outcome.
avar	A character vector of length 1. Treatment variable name.
mvar	A character vector of length 1. Mediator variable name.
cvar	A character vector of length > 0. Covariate names. Use NULL if there is no covariate. However, this is a highly suspicious situation. Even if avar is randomized, mvar is not. Thus, there are usually some confounder(s) to account for the common cause structure (confounding) between mvar and yvar.
emm_ac_mreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the mediator model.
emm_ac_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in treatment-covariate product term in the outcome model.

validate_regmedint 29

emm_mc_yreg	A character vector of length > 0. Effect modifiers names. The covariate vector in mediator-covariate product term in outcome model.
eventvar	An character vector of length 1. Only required for survival outcome regression models. Note that the coding is 1 for event and 0 for censoring, following the R survival package convention.
a0	A numeric vector of length 1. The reference level of treatment variable that is considered "untreated" or "unexposed".
a1	A numeric vector of length 1.
m_cde	A numeric vector of length 1. Mediator level at which controlled direct effect is evaluated at.
c_cond	A numeric vector of the same length as cvar. Covariate levels at which natural direct and indirect effects are evaluated at.
mreg	A character vector of length 1. Mediator regression type: "linear" or "logistic".
yreg	A character vector of length 1. Outcome regression type: "linear", "logistic", "loglinear", "poisson", "negbin", "survCox", "survAFT_exp", or "survAFT_weibull".
interaction	A logical vector of length 1. The presence of treatment-mediator interaction in the outcome model. Default to TRUE.
casecontrol	A logical vector of length 1. Default to FALSE. Whether data comes from a case-control study.

Value

No return value, called for side effects.

validate_regmedint Validate soundness of a regmedint object.
--

Description

Check the structure of a proposed regmedint object for soundness.

Usage

```
validate_regmedint(x)
```

Arguments

x A regmedint object.

Value

No return value, called for side effects.

30 vcov.regmedint

vcov.regmedint	Extract variance estimates in the vcov form.
S	y

Description

Extract variance estimates evaluated at a0, a1, m_cde, and c_cond.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'regmedint'
vcov(object, a0 = NULL, a1 = NULL, m_cde = NULL, c_cond = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object a0 a1	An object of the regmedint class. A numeric vector of length 1 A numeric vector of length 1
m_cde	A numeric vector of length 1 The mediator value at which the controlled direct effect (CDE) conditional on the adjustment covariates is evaluated. If not provided, the default value supplied to the call to regmedint will be used. Only the CDE is affected.
c_cond	A numeric vector of the same length as cvar. A set of covariate values at which the conditional natural effects are evaluated.
	For compatibility with the generic. Ignored.

Value

A numeric matrix with the diagonals populated with variance estimates. Off-diagnonals are NA since these are not estimated.

Examples

vcov.regmedint_mod_poisson

Robust sandwich variance estimator for modified Poisson

Description

Provide robust sandwich variance-covariance estimate using sandwich.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'regmedint_mod_poisson'
vcov(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object A model object of the class regmedint_mod_poisson
... For compatibility with the generic.

Value

A variance-covariance matrix using the sandwich.

vv2015

Example dataset from Valeri and VanderWeele 2015.

Description

An example dataset from Valeri and VanderWeele (2015) <doi:10.1097/EDE.0000000000000253>.

Usage

vv2015

32 vv2015

Format

A tibble with 100 rows and 7 variables:

- **id** Positive integer id.
- **x** Binary treatment assignment variable.
- m Binary mediator variable.
- y Time to event outcome variable.

cens Binary censoring indicator. Censored is 1.

c Continuous confounder variable.

event Binary event indicator. Event is 1.

Source

https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/tyler-vanderweele/tools-and-tutorials/

Index

```
* datasets
                                                 summary.regmedint, 19, 24
    vv2015, 31
                                                 summary.regmedint_mod_poisson, 26
                                                 survreg, 15
beta_hat, 2
                                                 theta_hat, 27
calc_myreg, 3
                                                 validate_args, 28
calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_linear, 4
                                                 validate_regmedint, 29
calc_myreg_mreg_linear_yreg_logistic,
                                                 vcov.regmedint, 30
                                                 vcov.regmedint_mod_poisson, 31
calc_myreg_mreg_logistic_yreg_linear,
                                                 vv2015, 31
{\tt calc\_myreg\_mreg\_logistic\_yreg\_logistic},
coef, 2, 27
coef.regmedint, 9
coef.summary\_regmedint, 10
confint.regmedint, 11
coxph, 15
fit_mreg, 3, 5-8, 13
fit_yreg, 4-8, 13
glm, 13, 14
glm.nb, 15
grad_prop_med_yreg_linear, 15
grad\_prop\_med\_yreg\_logistic, 15
lm, 13, 14
new_regmedint, 16
print.regmedint, 17
print.summary_regmedint, 19
prop_med_yreg_linear, 20
prop_med_yreg_logistic, 20
regmedint, 9, 11, 12, 18, 21, 25, 30
report_missing, 24
sandwich, 26, 31
summary.glm, 26
```