

# Package ‘romic’

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**Type** Package

**Title** R for High-Dimensional Omic Data

**Version** 1.0.0

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**Description** Represents high-dimensional data as tables of features, samples and measurements, and a design list for tracking the meaning of individual variables. Using this format, filtering, normalization, and other transformations of a dataset can be carried out in a flexible manner. ‘romic’ takes advantage of these transformations to create interactive ‘shiny’ apps for exploratory data analysis such as an interactive heatmap.

**Depends** R (>= 3.2.3)

**Imports** checkmate, dplyr, ggplot2, glue, purrr, readr, reshape2, rlang, shiny (>= 1.5.0), stringr, tibble, tidyr (>= 1.0.0)

**Suggests** knitr, lazyeval, plotly, rmarkdown, usethis, testthat

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**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

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---

<b>add_pca_loadings</b>	<i>Add PCA Loadings</i>
-------------------------	-------------------------

---

## Description

Add Principal Components Analysis Loadings to a tidy or triple omics dataset.

## Usage

```
add_pca_loadings(  
  tomic,  
  value_var = NULL,  
  center_rows = TRUE,  
  npcs = NULL,  
  missing_val_method = "drop_samples"  
)
```

## Arguments

<b>tomic</b>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<b>value_var</b>	An abundance value to use with <code>hclust</code>
<b>center_rows</b>	center rows before performing PCA
<b>npcs</b>	number of principal component loadings to add to samples (default is number of samples)
<b>missing_val_method</b>	Approach to remove missing values: <b>drop_features</b> Drop features with missing values <b>drop_samples</b> Drop samples which are missing all features, then drop features <b>impute</b> Impute missing values

## Value

A `tomic` object with principal components added to samples.

**Examples**

```
add_pca_loadings(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5)
```

---

app\_flow

*Flow*

---

**Description**

Using shiny comb through datasets by iterating between plotting steps, and lassoing steps to select points of interest.

**Usage**

```
app_flow(tomic)
```

**Arguments**

tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
-------	--

**Value**

A shiny app

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {
  # library(reactlog)
  # reactlog_enable()
  app_flow(brauer_2008_triple)
  # shiny::reactlogShow()
}
```

---

app\_heatmap

*Interactive Heatmap*

---

**Description**

Generate a shiny interactive heatmap that allows for on demand filtering, ordering and faceting by variables of interest.

**Usage**

```
app_heatmap(tomic)
```

**Arguments**

tomic Either a tidy\_omic or triple\_omic object

**Value**

A shiny app

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {  
  app_heatmap(brauer_2008_tidy)  
}
```

---

app\_pcs

---

*PC Plot*

---

**Description**

Generate a Shiny interactive scatter plot which allows visualization of features, measurements, and samples (with principal components added).

**Usage**

app\_pcs(tomic)

**Arguments**

tomic Either a tidy\_omic or triple\_omic object

**Value**

A shiny app

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {  
  app_pcs(brauer_2008_tidy)  
}
```

---

brauer\_2008

*Brauer 2008*

---

## Description

An RNA expression (microarray) dataset looking at how yeast gene expression changes as nutrient sources and nutrient richness changes.

`brauer_2008` formatted as a tidy\_omic object

`brauer_2008` formatted as a triple\_omic object

## Usage

`brauer_2008`

`brauer_2008_tidy`

`brauer_2008_triple`

## Format

A tibble with 18,000 rows and 8 columns:

**name** Common gene name

**BP** Gene ontology biological process of the gene

**MF** Gene ontology molecular function of the gene

**sample** Sample name

**nutrient** Which nutrient limits growth (Glucose, Nitrogen, Phosphorous, Sulfur, Uracil, Leucine)

**DR** Dilution rate of the culture - basically how fast the cells are growing

**expression** Expression level of the gene, log2 observation relative to a replicate of G0.3

An object of class `tidy_omic` (inherits from `tomic`, `general`) of length 2.

An object of class `triple_omic` (inherits from `tomic`, `general`) of length 4.

## Details

This version of the dataset contains only 500 genes randomly selected from the ~6K genes in the complete dataset.

## Source

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/17959824/>

---

`center_tomic`*Center T\* Omic*

---

### Description

Center each measurement by subtracting the mean.

### Usage

```
center_tomic(tomic, measurement_vars = "all")
```

### Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>measurement_vars</code>	measurement variables to center

### Value

A `tomic` object where one or more measurements have been centered on a feature-by-feature basis.

### Examples

```
center_tomic(brauer_2008_tidy)
```

---

`check_tidy_omic`*Check Tidy Omic*

---

### Description

Check a tidy omic dataset for consistency between the data and design and validate that the dataset follows the `tidy_omic/tomic` specification.

### Usage

```
check_tidy_omic(tidy_omic, fast_check = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

<code>tidy_omic</code>	an object of class <code>tidy_omic</code> produced by <code>create_tidy_omic</code>
<code>fast_check</code>	if TRUE then skip some checks which are slow and that are generally only needed when a <code>tomic</code> object is first created.

### Value

Error and warning messages are printed and the input `tidy_omic` object is returned

---

`check_tomic`*Check T\*Omic*

---

**Description**

Check a tidy or triple ’omic object for common pathologies, such as a mismatch between data and schema and non-uniqueness of primary keys.

**Usage**

```
check_tomic(tomic, fast_check = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <code>tomic</code>      | Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object   |
| <code>fast_check</code> | if TRUE then skip some checks which are slow and that are generally only needed when a <code>tomic</code> object is first created. |

**Value**

0 invisibly

**Examples**

```
check_tomic(brauer_2008_triple)
```

---

`check_triple_omic`*Check Triple Omic*

---

**Description**

Check a triple omic dataset for consistency between the data and design and validate that the dataset follows the `triple_omic/tomic` specification.

**Usage**

```
check_triple_omic(triple_omic, fast_check = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| <code>triple_omic</code> | an object of class <code>triple_omic</code> produced by <a href="#">create_triple_omic</a>   |
| <code>fast_check</code>  | if TRUE then skip some checks which are slow and that are generally only needed when a <code>tomic</code> object is first created. |

**Value**

Error and warning messages are printed and the input `tidy_omic` object is returned

---

**convert\_wide\_to\_tidy\_omic**

*Convert Wide to Tidy Omic*

---

**Description**

Convert a wide dataset of species' abundances (gene product, metabolites, lipids, ...) into a triple\_omic dataset (one observation per row)

**Usage**

```
convert_wide_to_tidy_omic(  
  wide_df,  
  feature_pk,  
  feature_vars = NULL,  
  sample_var = "sample",  
  measurement_var = "abundance",  
  omic_type_tag = "general"  
)
```

**Arguments**

wide_df	a data.frame (or tibble) containing 1+ columns of feature attributes and many columns of samples
feature_pk	A unique identifier for features
feature_vars	a character vector of additional feature-level variables (or NULL if there are no additional variables)
sample_var	variable name to use for samples
measurement_var	variable name to use for measurements
omic_type_tag	an optional subtype of omic data: metabolomics, lipidomics, proteomics, genomics, general

**Value**

A tidy\_omic object as produced by create\_tidy\_omic.

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)  
  
wide_measurements <- brauer_2008_triple[["measurements"]] %>%  
  tidyr::spread(sample, expression)  
  
wide_df <- brauer_2008_triple[["features"]] %>%
```

```

left_join(wide_measurements, by = "name")

convert_wide_to_tidy_omic(wide_df,
  feature_pk = "name",
  feature_vars = c("BP", "MF", "systematic_name")
)

```

**create\_tidy\_omic**      *Create Tidy Omic*

## Description

A tidy omics object contains a formatted dataset and a summary of the experimental design.

## Usage

```

create_tidy_omic(
  df,
  feature_pk,
  feature_vars = NULL,
  sample_pk,
  sample_vars = NULL,
  omic_type_tag = "general"
)

```

## Arguments

<b>df</b>	a data.frame (or tibble) containing some combination of feature, sample and observation-level variables
<b>feature_pk</b>	A unique identifier for features
<b>feature_vars</b>	a character vector of additional feature-level variables (or NULL if there are no additional variables)
<b>sample_pk</b>	A unique identifier for samples
<b>sample_vars</b>	a character vector of additional sample-level variables (or NULL if there are no additional variables)
<b>omic_type_tag</b>	an optional subtype of omic data: metabolomics, lipidomics, proteomics, genomics, general

## Value

An S3 tidy\_omic/tomic object built on a list:

**data** A tibble with one row per measurement (i.e., features x samples)

**design** A list which organized the dataset's meta-data:

**feature\_pk** variable specifying a unique feature

**sample\_pk** variable specifying a unique sample

**features** tibble of feature attributes  
**samples** tibble of sample attributes  
**measurements** tibble of measurement attributes

## Examples

```
library(dplyr)

measurement_df <- tidyrr::expand_grid(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5]
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(value = rnorm(n()))

feature_df <- tibble(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  feature_group = rep(c("a", "b"), each = 5)
)
sample_df <- tibble(
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5],
  sample_group = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b")
)

triple_omic <- create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df, feature_df, sample_df,
  "feature_id", "sample_id"
)
raw_tidy_omic <- triple_to_tidy(triple_omic)$data

create_tidy_omic(
  raw_tidy_omic,
  feature_pk = "feature_id",
  feature_vars = "feature_group", sample_pk = "sample_id",
  sample_vars = "sample_group"
)
```

create\_triple\_omic      *Create Triple Omic*

## Description

A triple omics class contains three data.frames, one for features, one for samples, and one for abundances. This is a good format when there is a large amount of meta data associated with features or samples.

## Usage

```
create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df,
```

```

    feature_df = NULL,
    sample_df = NULL,
    feature_pk,
    sample_pk,
    omic_type_tag = "general"
)

```

## Arguments

<code>measurement_df</code>	A <code>data.frame</code> (or <code>tibble</code> ) of measurements - one row for each combination of feature and sample
<code>feature_df</code>	A <code>data.frame</code> (or <code>tibble</code> ) of features - one row per feature
<code>sample_df</code>	A <code>data.frame</code> (or <code>tibble</code> ) of samples - one row per sample
<code>feature_pk</code>	A unique identifier for features
<code>sample_pk</code>	A unique identifier for samples
<code>omic_type_tag</code>	an optional subtype of omic data: metabolomics, lipidomics, proteomics, genomics, general

## Details

for now primary keys are unique (rather than allowing for a multi-index)

## Value

An S3 `triple_omic/tomic` object built on a list:

- features** A `tibble` of feature meta-data (one row per feature)
- samples** A `tibble` of sample meta-data (one row per sample)
- measurements** A `tibble` with one row per measurement (i.e., features x samples)
- design** A list which organized the dataset's meta-data:
  - feature\_pk** variable specifying a unique feature
  - sample\_pk** variable specifying a unique sample
  - features** `tibble` of feature attributes
  - samples** `tibble` of sample attributes
  - measurements** `tibble` of measurement attributes

## Examples

```

library(dplyr)

measurement_df <- tidyrr::expand_grid(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5]
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(value = rnorm(n()))

```

```

feature_df <- tibble(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  feature_group = rep(c("a", "b"), each = 5)
)
sample_df <- tibble(
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5],
  sample_group = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b")
)

triple_omic <- create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df, feature_df, sample_df,
  "feature_id", "sample_id"
)

```

`export_tomic_as_tidy` *Export T\*Omic in Tidy Format*

## Description

Export a data table including all fields from features, samples and measurements.

## Usage

```
export_tomic_as_tidy(tomic, dir_path, name_preamble)
```

## Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>dir_path</code>	path to save outputs
<code>name_preamble</code>	start of output file name

## Value

Export one table which is one row per peak, which includes all feature and sample attributes.

## Examples

```

if (interactive()) {
  export_tomic_as_tidy(brauer_2008_triple, "/tmp", "brauer")
}

```

`export_tomic_as_triple`*Export T\*Omic as Triple*

## Description

Export features, samples and measurements tables

## Usage

```
export_tomic_as_triple(tomic, dir_path, name_preamble)
```

## Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>dir_path</code>	path to save outputs
<code>name_preamble</code>	start of output file name

## Value

Export three tables:

- features: one row per features measured (i.e., a metabolite)
- sample: one row per sample
- measurements: one row per measurement (i.e., one metabolite in one sample)

## Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  export_tomic_as_triple(brauer_2008_triple, "/tmp", "brauer")
}
```

`export_tomic_as_wide`    *Export T\*Omic as Wide Data*

## Description

abundances form a matrix with metabolites as rows and samples as columns. Use transpose to treat samples as rows filename

**Usage**

```
export_tomic_as_wide(  
  tomic,  
  dir_path,  
  name_preamble,  
  value_var = NULL,  
  transpose = FALSE  
)
```

**Arguments**

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
dir_path	path to save outputs
name_preamble	start of output file name
value_var	measurement variable to use for the matrix
transpose	if TRUE then samples will be stored as rows

**Value**

Export one table which contains metabolites as rows and samples as columns.

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {  
  export_tomic_as_wide(brauer_2008_triple, "/tmp", "brauer")  
}
```

---

**filterInput***Filter Input*

---

**Description**

UI components for the filter module.

**Usage**

```
filterInput(id, filter_table)
```

**Arguments**

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
filter_table	table to filter

**Value**

A shiny UI

---

filterServer

---

*Filter Server*

---

## Description

Server components for the filter module.

## Usage

```
filterServer(id, tidy_omic, filter_table)
```

## Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by <a href="#">create_tidy_omic</a>
filter_table	table to filter

## Value

A tidy\_omic with some features and/or samples filtered.

---

filter\_tomic

---

*Filter T\* Omics*

---

## Description

Filter a tidy or triple omic to entries of interest.

## Usage

```
filter_tomic(  
  tomic,  
  filter_type,  
  filter_table,  
  filter_value,  
  filter_variable = NULL  
)
```

### Arguments

tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
filter_type	<b>category</b> filter <code>filter_variable</code> to categories specified in <code>filter_value</code>
	<b>range</b> filter <code>filter_variable</code> to using the range (i.e., lower and upper limit) provided in <code>filter_value</code>
	<b>apply</b> a quosure as a <code>filter_value</code> to a table of interest
filter_table	table where the filter should be applied
filter_value	values to filter based on
filter_variable	variable to apply the filter to

### Value

A `tomic` object where a subset of features, samples or measurmenets have been filtered.

### Examples

```
filter_tomic(  
  brauer_2008_triple,  
  filter_type = "category",  
  filter_table = "features",  
  filter_variable = "BP",  
  filter_value = c("biological process unknown", "vacuolar acidification")  
)  
  
filter_tomic(  
  brauer_2008_triple,  
  filter_type = "category",  
  filter_table = "samples",  
  filter_variable = "DR",  
  filter_value = 0.05  
)  
  
filter_tomic(  
  brauer_2008_tidy,  
  filter_type = "range",  
  filter_table = "samples",  
  filter_variable = "DR",  
  filter_value = c(0, 0.2)  
)  
  
filter_tomic(  
  brauer_2008_triple,  
  filter_type = "quo",  
  filter_table = "features",  
  filter_value = rlang::quo(BP == "biological process unknown")  
)
```

---

```
format_names_for_plotting
```

*Format Names for Plotting*

---

## Description

Wrap long names over multiple lines so that they will look better on plots.

## Usage

```
format_names_for_plotting(chars, width = 40, truncate_at = 80)
```

## Arguments

chars	a character vector (or a variable that can be converted to one)
width	positive integer giving target line width in characters. A width less than or equal to 1 will put each word on its own line.
truncate_at	max character length

## Value

a reformatted character vector of the same length as the input.

## Examples

```
chars <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integer  
ac arcu semper erat porttitor egestas. Etiam sagittis, sapien at mattis."  
  
format_names_for_plotting(chars)
```

---

```
get_design_tbl
```

*Get Design Table*

---

## Description

Get a tabular summary of all variables.

## Usage

```
get_design_tbl(tomic)
```

## Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
-------	--

**Value**

a tibble reflecting the `tomic` object's design.

**Examples**

```
get_design_tbl(brauer_2008_triple)
```

---

*ggBivOutput**ggBivariate Output*

---

**Description**

UI components for the ggBivariate module.

**Usage**

```
ggBivOutput(id, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>return_brushed_points</code>	Return values selected on the plot

**Value**

A shiny UI

---

*ggBivServer**ggBivariate Server*

---

**Description**

Server components for the ggBivariate module.

**Usage**

```
ggBivServer(id, tomic, plot_table, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>plot_table</code>	table containing the data to be plotted
<code>return_brushed_points</code>	Return values selected on the plot

**Value**

a `tomic_table` if `return_brushed_points` is TRUE, and 0 otherwise

---

`ggplotOutput`

*ggplot Output*

---

**Description**

UI components for the `ggplot` module.

**Usage**

```
ggplotOutput(id)
```

**Arguments**

`id` An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.

**Value**

A shiny UI

---

`ggplotServer`

*ggplot Server*

---

**Description**

Server components for the `ggplot` module.

**Usage**

```
ggplotServer(id, tomic, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

`id` An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.  
`tomic` Either a `tidy_omic` or `triple_omic` object  
`return_brushed_points` Return values selected on the plot

**Value**

a `tibble` of selected observations if `return_brushed_points` is TRUE. Otherwise, returns NULL.

---

ggUnivOutput	<i>ggUnivariate Output</i>
--------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

UI components for the ggUnivariate module.

**Usage**

```
ggUnivOutput(id, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>return_brushed_points</code>	Return values selected on the plot

**Value**

A shiny UI

---

ggUnivServer	<i>ggUnivariate Server</i>
--------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

Server components for the ggUnivariate module

**Usage**

```
ggUnivServer(id, tomic, plot_table, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>plot_table</code>	table containing the data to be plotted
<code>return_brushed_points</code>	Return values selected on the plot

**Value**

a tomic\_table if return\_brushed\_points is TRUE, and 0 otherwise.

---

hclust_order	<i>Hierarchical clustering order</i>
--------------	--------------------------------------

---

### Description

Format and hierarchically cluster a data.frame. If hclust could not normally be produced (usually because no samples are in common for a feature) pad the matrix with zeros and still calculate the distance

### Usage

```
hclust_order(
  df,
  feature_pk,
  sample_pk,
  value_var,
  cluster_dim,
  distance_measure = "dist",
  hclust_method = "ward.D2"
)
```

### Arguments

<b>df</b>	data.frame to cluster
<b>feature_pk</b>	variable uniquely defining a row
<b>sample_pk</b>	variable uniquely defining a sample
<b>value_var</b>	An abundance value to use with hclust
<b>cluster_dim</b>	rows, columns, or both
<b>distance_measure</b>	variable to use for computing dis-similarity
	<b>corr</b> pearson correlation
	<b>dist</b> euclidean distance
<b>hclust_method</b>	method from stats::hclust to use for clustering

### Value

a list containing a hierarchically clustered set of rows and/or columns

### Examples

```
library(dplyr)

df <- tidyrr::crossing(letters = LETTERS, numbers = 1:10) %>%
  mutate(noise = rnorm(n()))
hclust_order(df, "letters", "numbers", "noise", "rows")
```

---

**infer\_tomic\_table\_type**

*Infer Tomic Table Type*

---

**Description**

From a tomic\_table, choose whether it reflects features, samples or measurements

**Usage**

```
infer_tomic_table_type(tomic, tomic_table)
```

**Arguments**

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
tomic_table	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

**Value**

features, samples or measurements

---

**lassoInput**

*Lasso Input*

---

**Description**

UI components for the lasso module.

**Usage**

```
lassoInput(id)
```

**Arguments**

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
----	--

**Value**

A shiny UI

---

**lassoServer***Lasso Server*

---

**Description**

Take a subset of entries from a tomic table (generally selected using the lasso function) and then either filter a tomic object to these entries or tag the entries of interest with a user-specified variable.

**Usage**

```
lassoServer(id, tomic, tomic_table)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>tomic_table</code>	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

**Value**

A tomic object ammended based on the lasso selection.

---

**organizeInput***Organize Input*

---

**Description**

UI components for the organize input module.

**Usage**

```
organizeInput(id)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
-----------------	--

**Value**

A shiny UI

---

`organizeServer`*Organize Servers*

---

**Description**

Server components for the organize input module.

**Usage**

```
organizeServer(id, tidy_omic, feature_vars, sample_vars, value_var)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>tidy_omic</code>	an object of class tidy_omic produced by <a href="#">create_tidy_omic</a>
<code>feature_vars</code>	variables available for arranging features
<code>sample_vars</code>	variables available for arrange samples
<code>value_var</code>	An abundance value to use with hclust

**Value**

A tomic with sorted features and/or samples.

---

`plotsaverInput`*Plot Saver Input*

---

**Description**

UI components for the plot saver module.

**Usage**

```
plotsaverInput(id)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
-----------------	--

**Value**

a shiny UI

`plotsaverServer`      *Plot Saver Server*

### Description

Server components for the plot saver module.

### Usage

```
plotsaverServer(id, grob)
```

### Arguments

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>grob</code>	a ggplot2 plot

### Value

None

`plot_bivariate`      *Bivariate Plot*

### Description

Create a scatter or boxplot from a tomic dataset.

### Usage

```
plot_bivariate(tomic_table, x_var, y_var, color_var = NULL)
```

### Arguments

<code>tomic_table</code>	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset
<code>x_var</code>	x-axis variable
<code>y_var</code>	y-axis variable
<code>color_var</code>	coloring variable (NULL to suppress coloring)

### Value

a ggplot2 grob

## Examples

```
library(dplyr)

brauer_augmented <- brauer_2008_tidy %>%
  add_pca_loadings(npcs = 5) %>%
  tomyc_to("triple_omic")

tomyc_table <- brauer_augmented$samples
plot_bivariate(tomyc_table, "PC1", "PC2", "nutrient")
plot_bivariate(tomyc_table, "PC1", "PC2", NULL)
plot_bivariate(tomyc_table, "nutrient", "PC2", "nutrient")
```

`plot_heatmap`

*Plot Heatmap*

## Description

Generate a heatmap visualization of a features x samples matrix of measurements.

## Usage

```
plot_heatmap(
  tomyc,
  feature_var = NULL,
  sample_var = NULL,
  value_var = NULL,
  cluster_dim = "both",
  distance_measure = "dist",
  hclust_method = "ward.D2",
  change_threshold = Inf,
  plot_type = "grob"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>tomyc</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>feature_var</code>	variable from "features" to use as a unique feature label.
<code>sample_var</code>	variable from "samples" to use as a unique sample label.
<code>value_var</code>	which variable in "measurements" to use for quantification.
<code>cluster_dim</code>	rows, columns, or both
<code>distance_measure</code>	variable to use for computing dis-similarity <b>corr</b> pearson correlation <b>dist</b> euclidean distance
<code>hclust_method</code>	method from <code>stats::hclust</code> to use for clustering

**change\_threshold** values with a more extreme absolute change will be thresholded to this value.  
**plot\_type** plotly (for interactivity) or grob (for a static ggplot)

**Value**

a ggplot2 grob

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)

tomic <- brauer_2008_triple %>%
  filter_tomic(
    filter_type = "category",
    filter_table = "features",
    filter_variable = "BP",
    filter_value = c(
      "protein biosynthesis",
      "rRNA processing", "response to stress"
    )
  )

plot_heatmap(
  tomic = tomic,
  value_var = "expression",
  change_threshold = 5,
  cluster_dim = "rows",
  plot_type = "grob",
  distance_measure = "corr",
  hclust_method = "complete"
)
```

**plot\_univariate** *Univariate Plot*

**Description**

Create a histogram from a tomic dataset.

**Usage**

```
plot_univariate(tomic_table, x_var, color_var = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

**tomic\_table** A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset  
**x\_var** x-axis variable  
**color\_var** coloring variable (NULL to suppress coloring)

**Value**

A ggplot2 grob

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)

brauer_augmented <- brauer_2008_tidy %>%
  add_pca_loadings(npcs = 5) %>%
  toOMIC_to("triple_omic")

plot_univariate(brauer_augmented$samples, "PC1", "nutrient")
plot_univariate(brauer_augmented$measurements, "expression", NULL)
```

---

**prepare\_example\_datasets**

*Prepare Example Datasets*

---

**Description**

Format example datasets and add them to the package.

**Usage**

```
prepare_example_datasets(seed = 1234)
```

**Arguments**

seed            a seed value used to reproducibly sample random genes.

**Value**

None; used for side-effects.

---

**reconcile\_triple\_omic** *Reconcile Triple Omic*

---

**Description**

If some samples, feature or measurements have been dropped; update other tables.

**Usage**

```
reconcile_triple_omic(triple_omic)
```

**Arguments**

`triple_omic` an object of class `triple_omic` produced by [create\\_triple\\_omic](#)

**Value**

a `triple_omic` object

`remove_missing_values` *Remove Missing Values*

**Description**

Account for missing values by dropping features, samples or using imputation.

**Usage**

```
remove_missing_values(
  tomic,
  value_var = NULL,
  missing_val_method = "drop_samples"
)
```

**Arguments**

`tomic` Either a `tidy_omic` or `triple_omic` object

`value_var` An abundance value to use with `hclust`

`missing_val_method` Approach to remove missing values:

**drop\_features** Drop features with missing values

**drop\_samples** Drop samples which are missing all features, then drop features

**impute** Impute missing values

**Value**

A `tomic` object where missing values have been accounted for.

**Examples**

```
remove_missing_values(brauer_2008_triple)
```

---

romicromic package

---

## Description

'romic' represents high-dimensional data as tables of features, samples and measurements, and a design list for tracking the meaning of individual variables. Using this format, filtering, normalization, and other transformations of a dataset can be carried out in a flexible manner. 'romic' takes advantage of these transformations to create interactive shiny apps for exploratory data analysis such as an interactive heatmap.

---

shiny\_filter\_testShiny Filter Test

---

## Description

Tests the shiny filter module as a stand-alone application.

## Usage

```
shiny_filter_test(tidy_omic, filter_table = "features")
```

## Arguments

tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by <a href="#">create_tidy_omic</a>
filter_table	table to filter

## Value

A shiny app

## Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_filter_test(brauer_2008_tidy)  
}
```

`shiny_ggbiv_test`      *Shiny ggBivariate Test*

### Description

Test the shiny ggBivariate module as a stand-alone application.

### Usage

```
shiny_ggbiv_test(tomic, plot_table = "samples")
```

### Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>plot_table</code>	table containing the data to be plotted

### Value

a shiny app

### Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  shiny_ggbiv_test(
    add_pca_loadings(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5),
    plot_table = "samples"
  )
  shiny_ggbiv_test(
    brauer_2008_triple,
    plot_table = "measurements"
  )
}
```

`shiny_ggplot_test`      *Shiny ggplot Test*

### Description

Test the shiny ggplot module as a stand-alone application.

### Usage

```
shiny_ggplot_test(tomic)
```

**Arguments**

`tomic` Either a `tidy_omic` or `triple_omic` object

**Value**

A `shiny` app

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {
  shiny_ggplot_test(add_pca_loadings(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5))
  shiny_ggplot_test(brauer_2008_triple)
}
```

`shiny_gguniv_test` *Shiny ggUnivariate Test*

**Description**

Test the shiny ggUnivariate module as a stand-alone application.

**Usage**

```
shiny_gguniv_test(tomic, plot_table = "samples")
```

**Arguments**

`tomic` Either a `tidy_omic` or `triple_omic` object

`plot_table` table containing the data to be plotted

**Value**

A `shiny` app

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {
  shiny_gguniv_test(
    add_pca_loadings(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5),
    plot_table = "samples"
  )
  shiny_gguniv_test(brauer_2008_triple, plot_table = "measurements")
  shiny_gguniv_test(brauer_2008_triple, plot_table = "features")
}
```

**shiny\_lasso\_test**      *Shiny Lasso Test*

### Description

Tests the shiny lasso module as a stand-alone application.

### Usage

```
shiny_lasso_test(tomic, tomic_table)
```

### Arguments

tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
tomic_table	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

### Value

A shiny app

### Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  tomic <- brauer_2008_triple
  tomic_table <- tomic[["samples"]] %>% dplyr::filter(nutrient == "G")
  shiny_lasso_test(tomic, tomic_table)
}
```

**shiny\_lasso\_test\_reactval**      *Shiny Lasso Test w/ Reactive Values*

### Description

Tests the shiny lasso module as a stand-alone application when the `tomic` is a `reactiveVal`.

### Usage

```
shiny_lasso_test_reactval(tomic, tomic_table)
```

### Arguments

tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
tomic_table	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

**Value**

A shiny app

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {  
    tomic <- brauer_2008_triple  
    tomic_table <- tomic[["samples"]] %>% dplyr::filter(nutrient == "G")  
    shiny_lasso_test_reactval(tomic, tomic_table)  
  
    tomic_table <- tomic[["measurements"]] %>% dplyr::filter(expression < -3)  
    shiny_lasso_test_reactval(tomic, tomic_table)  
}
```

---

shiny\_organize\_test    *Shiny Organize Test*

---

**Description**

Tests the shiny organization module as stand-alone application.

**Usage**

```
shiny_organize_test(tidy_omic, feature_vars, sample_vars, value_var)
```

**Arguments**

tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by <a href="#">create_tidy_omic</a>
feature_vars	variables available for arranging features
sample_vars	variables available for arrange samples
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

**Value**

a shiny app

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {  
    shiny_organize_test(  
        brauer_2008_tidy,  
        feature_vars = c("BP", "MF"),  
        sample_vars = c("sample", "nutrient", "DR"),  
        value_var = "expression"  
    )  
}
```

---

**shiny\_plotsaver\_test** *Shiny Plot Saver Test*

---

**Description**

Test the shiny plotsaver module as a stand-alone application.

**Usage**

```
shiny_plotsaver_test()
```

**Value**

a shiny app

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_plotsaver_test()  
}
```

---

**shiny\_sort\_test** *Shiny Sort Test*

---

**Description**

Test the shiny sorting module as a stand-alone app.

**Usage**

```
shiny_sort_test(triple_omic, valid_sort_vars, value_var)
```

**Arguments**

`triple_omic` an object of class `triple_omic` produced by [create\\_triple\\_omic](#)  
`valid_sort_vars` variables available for categorical arranging  
`value_var` An abundance value to use with `hclust`

**Value**

a shiny app

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_sort_test(brauer_2008_triple,  
    valid_sort_vars = c("sample", "nutrient", "DR"),  
    value_var = "expression"  
  )  
}
```

---

sortInput

*Sort Input*

---

**Description**

UI components for the sort module.

**Usage**

```
sortInput(id, sort_table)
```

**Arguments**

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
sort_table	table to sort

**Value**

A shiny UI

---

sortServer

*Sort Server*

---

**Description**

Server components for the sort module.

**Usage**

```
sortServer(id, tomic, sort_table, valid_sort_vars = NULL, value_var = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
sort_table	samples or features
valid_sort_vars	variables available for categorical arranging
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

**Value**

A sorted `tomic` object.

---

`sort_tomic`

*Sort Triple Omic*

---

**Description**

Sort a dataset's features or samples

**Usage**

```
sort_tomic(
  tomic,
  sort_type,
  sort_table,
  sort_variables = NULL,
  value_var = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>sort_type</code>	<b>hclust</b> Arrange samples by hierarchical clustering of a provided <code>value_var</code> <b>arrange</b> Arrange samples by the factor or alphanumeric ordering of a set of <code>sort_variables</code>
<code>sort_table</code>	samples or features
<code>sort_variables</code>	A set of attributes in <code>sort_table</code> to sort with in <code>arrange</code> .
<code>value_var</code>	An abundance value to use with <code>hclust</code>

**Details**

`sort_tomic` supports the reordering of features or samples using either hierarchical clustering or based on the levels of other variables. Sorting occurs by turning either the feature or sample primary key into a factor whose levels reflect the sort.

**Value**

A `tomic` object where feature or sample primary keys have been turned into a factor reflecting how they are sorted.

## Examples

```
library(dplyr)

sort_tomic(brauer_2008_triple,
  sort_type = "arrange", sort_table = "samples",
  sort_variables = c("nutrient", "DR")
) %>%
  sort_tomic(
    sort_type = "hclust",
    sort_table = "features",
    value_var = "expression"
)
```

---

sort\_triple\_arrange     *Sort Triple Arrange*

---

## Description

Sort a `triple_omic` object based on the values of one or more variables.

## Usage

```
sort_triple_arrange(triple_omic, sort_table, sort_variables)
```

## Arguments

`triple_omic`     an object of class `triple_omic` produced by [create\\_triple\\_omic](#)  
`sort_table`     samples or features  
`sort_variables`     A set of attributes in `sort_table` to sort with in `arrange`.

## Value

A `triple_omic` with sorted features or samples.

---

sort\_triple\_hclust     *Sort Triple Hclust*

---

## Description

Sort a `triple_omic` object using hierarchical clustering

## Usage

```
sort_triple_hclust(triple_omic, sort_table, value_var)
```

**Arguments**

<code>triple_omic</code>	an object of class <code>triple_omic</code> produced by <a href="#">create_triple_omic</a>
<code>sort_table</code>	samples or features
<code>value_var</code>	An abundance value to use with <code>hclust</code>

**Value**

A `triple_omic` with clustered features or samples.

`tidy_to_triple`      *Tidy omic to triple omic*

**Description**

Convert a `tidy_omic` object into a `triple_omic` object.

**Usage**

```
tidy_to_triple(tidy_omic)
```

**Arguments**

<code>tidy_omic</code>	an object of class <code>tidy_omic</code> produced by <a href="#">create_tidy_omic</a>
------------------------	--

**Details**

The data table will be converted into `features`, `samples`, and `measurements` tables using the design to determine which variables belong in each table. The design will be preserved as-is.

**Value**

A `triple_omic` object as created by [create\\_triple\\_omic](#)

**Examples**

```
tidy_to_triple(brauer_2008_tidy)
```

---

tomic\_sort\_status *T\* Omic Sort Status*

---

**Description**

Determine whether features &/or samples have been sorted and stored as ordered\_featureId and ordered\_sampleId.

**Usage**

```
tomic_sort_status(tomic)
```

**Arguments**

tomic Either a tidy\_omic or triple\_omic object

**Value**

length 1 character string indicating whether the `tomic` is sorted.

**Examples**

```
tomic_sort_status(brauer_2008_tidy)
```

---

tomic\_to *T\* Omic To*

---

**Description**

Takes in any `tomic` representation of a dataset and returns a specific representation.

**Usage**

```
tomic_to(tomic, to_class)
```

**Arguments**

tomic Either a tidy\_omic or triple\_omic object  
to\_class The class to return, either tidy\_omic or triple\_omic

**Value**

`tomic` transformed to `to_class` class (or un-transformed if it started that way).

**Examples**

```
tomic_to(brauer_2008_tidy, "triple_omic")
```

---

triple_to_tidy	<i>Triple Omic to Tidy Omic</i>
----------------	---------------------------------

---

## Description

Convert a `triple_omic` object into a `tidy_omic` oobject.

## Usage

```
triple_to_tidy(triple_omic)
```

## Arguments

`triple_omic` an object of class `triple_omic` produced by [create\\_triple\\_omic](#)

## Details

Features, samples and measurements will be merged into a single data table, and the design will be preserved as-is.

## Value

A `tidy_omic` object as created by [create\\_tidy\\_omic](#).

## Examples

```
library(dplyr)

measurement_df <- tidyr::expand_grid(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5]
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(value = rnorm(n()))

feature_df <- tibble(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  feature_group = rep(c("a", "b"), each = 5)
)
sample_df <- tibble(
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5],
  sample_group = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b")
)

triple_omic <- create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df, feature_df, sample_df,
  "feature_id", "sample_id"
)
triple_to_tidy(triple_omic)
```

---

try\_brushedPoints      *Try brushedPoints*

---

## Description

This function wraps brushedPoints in a try statement to catch cases where the brushing is out-of-sync with the df that is selected.

## Usage

```
try_brushedPoints(...)
```

## Arguments

...                  args to pass to **brushedPoints**

## Value

a df of brushed points

---

update\_tidy\_omic      *Update Tidy Omic*

---

## Description

Update a Tidy 'Omics data and schema to reflect newly added fields.

## Usage

```
update_tidy_omic(tidy_omic, updated_tidy_data, new_variable_tables = c())
```

## Arguments

tidy\_omic            an object of class tidy\_omic produced by [create\\_tidy\\_omic](#)  
updated\_tidy\_data     a tibble of data to use to update tidy\_omic.  
new\_variable\_tables    a named character vector of newly added variables in updated\_tidy\_data (names) and the table features, samples, measurements they apply to (values).

## Value

a tidy\_omic object with an updated schema and/or data.

## Examples

```
library(dplyr)

tidy_omic <- brauer_2008_tidy
updated_tidy_data <- tidy_omic$data %>%
  mutate(new_sample_var = "foo") %>%
  select(-DR)
new_variable_tables <- c("new_sample_var" = "samples")
```

`update_tomic`

*Update T\* Omic*

## Description

Provide an updated features, samples or measurements table to a `tomic`.

## Usage

```
update_tomic(tomic, tomic_table)
```

## Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>tomic_table</code>	A table taken from a <code>tidy</code> (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

## Value

A `tomic` object with updated features, samples or measurements.

## Examples

```
library(dplyr)
updated_features <- brauer_2008_triple$features %>%
  dplyr::filter(BP == "biological process unknown") %>%
  dplyr::mutate(chromosome = purrr::map_int(systematic_name, function(x) {
    which(LETTERS == stringr::str_match(x, "Y([A-Z])")[2])
  }))
update_tomic(brauer_2008_triple, updated_features)
```

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