

Package ‘vfinputs’

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Imports shiny, htmltools, jsonlite, scales

Suggests RColorBrewer, testthat

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Description A set of visual input controls for Shiny apps to facilitate filtering across multiple outputs.

License GPL-3

LazyData TRUE

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Encoding UTF-8

URL <https://github.com/rhenkin/vfinputs>

BugReports <https://github.com/rhenkin/vfinputs/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

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R topics documented:

addCategoryBlocks	2
addColorStrips	3
categoricalColorFilter	3
categoricalLegend	5
categoryBlock	6
colorStrip	7

continuousColorFilter	8
discreteColorFilter	9
numericLegend	11
updateCategoricalFilter	13
updateNumericFilter	14

Index	15
--------------	-----------

addCategoryBlocks	<i>Add list of category items</i>
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Description

Add list of category items

Usage

```
addCategoryBlocks(orient, input_id, color_map, values)
```

Arguments

orient	Orientation of the legend. Can be "bottom" (default, horizontal with labels below), "top" (horizontal with labels above), "left" (vertical with labels on the left) and "right" (vertical with labels on the right).
input_id	The CSS class used to trigger interactions
color_map	A list of colors from where the corresponding item color will be retrieved
values	A list of values from which the corresponding item label will be retrieved

Value

A list of the same length as values, containing either "span" or "div" elements depending on the chosen orientation.

See Also

[categoricalLegend\(\)](#)

addColorStrips *Add list of colored strips*

Description

Add list of colored strips

Usage

```
addColorStrips(n_strips, color_map, orient, pos_function, size, thickness = 20)
```

Arguments

n_strips	Number of strips to be added
color_map	A list of colors corresponding to the number of strips
orient	Orientation of the legend. Can be "bottom" (default, horizontal with labels below), "top" (horizontal with labels above), "left" (vertical with labels on the left) and "right" (vertical with labels on the right).
pos_function	A function to convert from index number to pixels
size	The length of the list in pixels
thickness	The height or width of the list in pixels

Value

A list of SVG rect shapes.

See Also

[numericLegend\(\)](#)

categoricalColorFilter *Add a visual filter input for categorical data*

Description

Add a visual filter input for categorical data

Usage

```
categoricalColorFilter(inputId, ...)
```

Arguments

inputId	The input slot that will be used to access the value.
...	Arguments passed on to categoricalLegend
label	Display label for the control, or NULL for no label.
class	The CSS class of the input div element to match with any filter toggling functions. Default class is "categorical-color-filter".
values	List of character vectors that will match with the colors or palette in the order provided by both.
data	Alternative vector to extract values with "unique()" function.
colors	Colours to match with values; must be a valid argument to grDevices::col2rgb() . This can be a character vector of "#RRGGBB" or "#RRGGBBAA", colour names from grDevices::colors() , or a positive integer that indexes into grDevices::palette() .
palette	A function that outputs a list of colors.
orient	Orientation of the legend. Can be "bottom" (default, horizontal with labels below), "top" (horizontal with labels above), "left" (vertical with labels on the left) and "right" (vertical with labels on the right).
size	Absolute length in pixels of the color bar; becomes width or height depending on value of orient. Default is 220.
multiple	Is selection of multiple items allowed? Default is TRUE. With FALSE, selecting one item will de-select the others.

Value

A visual filter input control that can be added to a UI definition

Server value

start and end bounds of a selection. The default value (or empty selection) is NULL.

See Also

[categoricalLegend\(\)](#)

Other visual filters: [continuousColorFilter\(\)](#), [discreteColorFilter\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Only run examples in interactive R sessions
if (interactive()) {

  ui <- fluidPage(
    categoricalColorFilter("filter", data = sort(mtcars$gear), orient = "right",
                          palette = RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(8, "Dark2")),
    verbatimTextOutput("value")
  )
  server <- function(input, output) {
    output$value <- output$selection <- renderPrint({
      if (!is.null(input$filter)) {
        format(input$filter)
      }
    })
  }
}
```

```
    }
  })
}

shinyApp(ui, server)

ui <- fluidPage(
  categoricalColorFilter("filter", label = p("Categorical filter:"),
    palette = RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(3, "Accent"),
    values = list("a", "b", "c")),
  verbatimTextOutput("values")
)
server <- function(input, output) {
  output$value <- output$selection <- renderPrint({
    if (!is.null(input$filter)) {
      format(input$filter)
    }
  })
}
shinyApp(ui, server)
}
```

categoricalLegend *Create a categorical legend*

Description

Create a color legend based on given data and palette or colors. Also passes on data- attributes for optional JS interaction.

Usage

```
categoricalLegend(
  inputId,
  label = NULL,
  class = "",
  values = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  colors = NULL,
  palette = NULL,
  orient = "bottom",
  size = 220,
  multiple = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

inputId	The input slot that will be used to access the value.
label	Display label for the control, or NULL for no label.
class	The CSS class of the input div element to match with any filter toggling functions. Default class is "categorical-color-filter".
values	List of character vectors that will match with the colors or palette in the order provided by both.
data	Alternative vector to extract values with "unique()" function.
colors	Colours to match with values; must be a valid argument to <code>grDevices::col2rgb()</code> . This can be a character vector of "#RRGGBB" or "#RRGGBBAA", colour names from <code>grDevices::colors()</code> , or a positive integer that indexes into <code>grDevices::palette()</code> .
palette	A function that outputs a list of colors.
orient	Orientation of the legend. Can be "bottom" (default, horizontal with labels below), "top" (horizontal with labels above), "left" (vertical with labels on the left) and "right" (vertical with labels on the right).
size	Absolute length in pixels of the color bar; becomes width or height depending on value of orient. Default is 220.
multiple	Is selection of multiple items allowed? Default is TRUE. With FALSE, selecting one item will de-select the others.

Value

A categorical color legend control that can be added to a UI definition

See Also

`discreteColorFilter()` `continuousColorFilter()` `categoricalColorFilter()`

Other base legend: `numericLegend()`

categoryBlock	<i>Add a color-label block</i>
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Description

Add a color-label block

Usage

```
categoryBlock(i, values, tag_name, class, color_map)
```

Arguments

- i The index of the item to be created
- values A list of values from which the corresponding item label will be retrieved
- tag_name An HTML element tag
- class The HTML element class that will enable interaction
- color_map A list of colors from where the corresponding item color will be retrieved

Value

An HTML element with pointer cursor, a colored square and a label

colorStrip	<i>Add color strip</i>
------------	------------------------

Description

Add color strip

Usage

```
colorStrip(color, x = 0, y = 0, width = 1, height = 30)
```

Arguments

- color A valid CSS color name
- x The x position of the rect shape relative to a container
- y The y position of the rect shape relative to a container
- width The width of the rect
- height The height of the rect

Value

A rect element with the color argument as fill and stroke

continuousColorFilter *Add a visual filter input for continuous values*

Description

The brush used in this filter allows a free selection over the whole input range.

Usage

```
continuousColorFilter(inputId, ...)
```

Arguments

inputId	The input slot that will be used to access the value.
...	Arguments passed on to <code>numericLegend</code>
label	Display label for the control, or NULL for no label.
class	The CSS class of the input div element to match with any brush-defining functions. Default classes for brushes are either "continuous-color-filter" or "discrete-color-filter".
n	Number of color strips in the legend. Default is 100.
minValue	Minimum numeric value in the legend (can be higher the maximum for inverted scale).
maxValue	Maximum numeric value in the legend (can be lower the minimum for inverted scale).
data	Alternative vector to extract numeric minimum and maximum values.
colors	Colours to interpolate; must be a valid argument to <code>grDevices::col2rgb()</code> . This can be a character vector of "#RRGGBB" or "#RRGGBBAA", colour names from <code>grDevices::colors()</code> , or a positive integer that indexes into <code>grDevices::palette()</code> .
palette	A function that outputs a list of colors
options	Configuration options for brush and scale. Use ticks to specify number of ticks or a list of specific tick values, format to a d3-format-compatible formatting string (see https://github.com/d3/d3-format for valid formats) and hide_brush_labels as TRUE to hide the brush interval.
orient	Orientation of the legend. Can be "bottom" (default, horizontal with labels below), "top" (horizontal with labels above), "left" (vertical with labels on the left) and "right" (vertical with labels on the right).
size	Absolute length in pixels of the color bar; becomes width or height depending on value of orient. Default is 200.
thickness	Absolute thickness in pixels of the color bar; opposite of size depending on value of orient. Default is 20.
offset	Left offset for scale to allow long labels. Default is 0.

Value

A visual filter input control that can be added to a UI definition.

Server value

start and end bounds of a selection. The input value is NULL for empty selections.

See Also

[discreteColorFilter\(\)](#) [categoricalColorFilter\(\)](#)

Other visual filters: [categoricalColorFilter\(\)](#), [discreteColorFilter\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Only run examples in interactive R sessions
if (interactive()) {

  ui <- fluidPage(
    continuousColorFilter("filter", minValue = 0, maxValue = 200, palette = scales::viridis_pal()),
    verbatimTextOutput("value")
  )
  server <- function(input, output) {
    output$value <- output$selection <- renderPrint({
      if (!is.null(input$filter)) {
        paste0(input$filter$start, ", ", input$filter$end)
      }
    })
  }
  shinyApp(ui, server)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    continuousColorFilter("filter", data = mtcars$mpg, colors = c("#FF0000", "#0000FF")),
    verbatimTextOutput("value")
  )
  server <- function(input, output) {
    output$value <- output$selection <- renderPrint({
      if (!is.null(input$filter)) {
        paste0(input$filter$start, ", ", input$filter$end)
      }
    })
  }
  shinyApp(ui, server)

}
```

discreteColorFilter *Add a visual filter input for discrete values*

Description

The brush used in this filter snaps to evenly divided steps based on the number of colors passed as argument. With `minValue = 0`, `maxValue = 100` and `n = 5`, it will snap at the edges (0 and 100) and 20, 40, 60, and 80.

Usage

```
discreteColorFilter(inputId, ...)
```

Arguments

`inputId` The input slot that will be used to access the value.

`...` Arguments passed on to `numericLegend`

`label` Display label for the control, or NULL for no label.

`class` The CSS class of the input div element to match with any brush-defining functions. Default classes for brushes are either "continuous-color-filter" or "discrete-color-filter".

`n` Number of color strips in the legend. Default is 100.

`minValue` Minimum numeric value in the legend (can be higher the maximum for inverted scale).

`maxValue` Maximum numeric value in the legend (can be lower the minimum for inverted scale).

`data` Alternative vector to extract numeric minimum and maximum values.

`colors` Colours to interpolate; must be a valid argument to `grDevices::col2rgb()`. This can be a character vector of "#RRGGBB" or "#RRGGBBAA", colour names from `grDevices::colors()`, or a positive integer that indexes into `grDevices::palette()`.

`palette` A function that outputs a list of colors

`options` Configuration options for brush and scale. Use `ticks` to specify number of ticks or a list of specific tick values, `format` to a d3-format-compatible formatting string (see <https://github.com/d3/d3-format> for valid formats) and `hide_brush_labels` as TRUE to hide the brush interval.

`orient` Orientation of the legend. Can be "bottom" (default, horizontal with labels below), "top" (horizontal with labels above), "left" (vertical with labels on the left) and "right" (vertical with labels on the right).

`size` Absolute length in pixels of the color bar; becomes width or height depending on value of `orient`. Default is 200.

`thickness` Absolute thickness in pixels of the color bar; opposite of `size` depending on value of `orient`. Default is 20.

`offset` Left offset for scale to allow long labels. Default is 0.

Value

A visual filter input control that can be added to a UI definition.

Server value

`start` and `end` bounds of a selection. The input value is NULL for empty selections.

`start` and `end` bounds of a selection. The default value is null.

See Also

`numericLegend()`

Other visual filters: `categoricalColorFilter()`, `continuousColorFilter()`

Examples

```
## Only run examples in interactive R sessions
if (interactive()) {

  ui <- fluidPage(
    discreteColorFilter("filter", minValue = 0, maxValue = 200, n = 5,
      palette = scales::viridis_pal()),
    verbatimTextOutput("value")
  )
  server <- function(input, output) {
    output$value <- output$selection <- renderPrint({
      if (!is.null(input$filter)) {
        paste0(input$filter$start, ", ", input$filter$end)
      }
    })
  }
  shinyApp(ui, server)
}
```

numericLegend

Create a numeric legend

Description

Create a color legend based on given data and palette or colors. Also passes on data- attributes for optional JS interaction.

Usage

```
numericLegend(
  inputId,
  label = NULL,
  class = "",
  n = 100,
  minValue = NULL,
  maxValue = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  colors = NULL,
  palette = NULL,
  options = NULL,
  orient = "bottom",
  size = 200,
  thickness = 20,
  offset = 0
)
```

Arguments

inputId	The input slot that will be used to access the value.
label	Display label for the control, or NULL for no label.
class	The CSS class of the input div element to match with any brush-defining functions. Default classes for brushes are either "continuous-color-filter" or "discrete-color-filter".
n	Number of color strips in the legend. Default is 100.
minValue	Minimum numeric value in the legend (can be higher the maximum for inverted scale).
maxValue	Maximum numeric value in the legend (can be lower the minimum for inverted scale).
data	Alternative vector to extract numeric minimum and maximum values.
colors	Colours to interpolate; must be a valid argument to <code>grDevices::col2rgb()</code> . This can be a character vector of "#RRGGBB" or "#RRGGBBAA", colour names from <code>grDevices::colors()</code> , or a positive integer that indexes into <code>grDevices::palette()</code> .
palette	A function that outputs a list of colors
options	Configuration options for brush and scale. Use ticks to specify number of ticks or a list of specific tick values, format to a d3-format-compatible formatting string (see https://github.com/d3/d3-format for valid formats) and hide_brush_labels as TRUE to hide the brush interval.
orient	Orientation of the legend. Can be "bottom" (default, horizontal with labels below), "top" (horizontal with labels above), "left" (vertical with labels on the left) and "right" (vertical with labels on the right).
size	Absolute length in pixels of the color bar; becomes width or height depending on value of orient. Default is 200.
thickness	Absolute thickness in pixels of the color bar; opposite of size depending on value of orient. Default is 20.
offset	Left offset for scale to allow long labels. Default is 0.

Value

A numeric color legend control that can be added to a UI definition

See Also

`discreteColorFilter()` `continuousColorFilter()` `categoricalColorFilter()`

Other base legend: `categoricalLegend()`

`updateCategoricalFilter`*Change a categorical legend in the client*

Description

Change a categorical legend in the client

Usage

```
updateCategoricalFilter(  
  session,  
  inputId,  
  label = NULL,  
  select = NULL,  
  deselect = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

<code>session</code>	The session object passed to function given to shinyServer.
<code>inputId</code>	The id of the input object.
<code>label</code>	The label to set for the input object.
<code>select</code>	Items to be selected.
<code>deselect</code>	Items to be deselected.

Details

This function only affects the label and the selection. Re-creating the items requires deleting and re-creating the legend using `shinyjs`, for example.

See Also

[categoricalColorFilter\(\)](#)

Other update functions: [updateNumericFilter\(\)](#)

updateNumericFilter *Change a numeric legend filter in the client*

Description

This function does not validate if a brush is already defined; updating only one of start or end with an empty brush will assign the other to NaN.

Usage

```
updateNumericFilter(  
  session,  
  inputId,  
  label = NULL,  
  start = NULL,  
  end = NULL,  
  minValue = NULL,  
  maxValue = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

session	The session object passed to function given to shinyServer.
inputId	The id of the input object.
label	The label to set for the input object.
start	Beginning of selection interval.
end	End of selection interval.
minValue	Minimum numeric value in the legend (can be higher the maximum for inverted scale).
maxValue	Maximum numeric value in the legend (can be lower the minimum for inverted scale).

Details

This function only affects the label and JavaScript-implemented axis and brush values and selection. Re-creating the color strips and changing the ticks and format of values requires deleting and re-creating the legend using shinyjs, for example.

See Also

[continuousColorFilter\(\)](#) [discreteColorFilter\(\)](#)

Other update functions: [updateCategoricalFilter\(\)](#)

Index

* **base legend**

categoricalLegend, 5
numericLegend, 11

* **update functions**

updateCategoricalFilter, 13
updateNumericFilter, 14

* **visual filters**

categoricalColorFilter, 3
continuousColorFilter, 8
discreteColorFilter, 9

addCategoryBlocks, 2

addColorStrips, 3

categoricalColorFilter, 3, 9, 10

categoricalColorFilter(), 6, 9, 12, 13

categoricalLegend, 4, 5, 12

categoricalLegend(), 2, 4

categoryBlock, 6

colorStrip, 7

continuousColorFilter, 4, 8, 10

continuousColorFilter(), 6, 12, 14

discreteColorFilter, 4, 9, 9

discreteColorFilter(), 6, 9, 12, 14

grDevices::col2rgb(), 4, 6, 8, 10, 12

grDevices::colors(), 4, 6, 8, 10, 12

grDevices::palette(), 4, 6, 8, 10, 12

numericLegend, 6, 8, 10, 11

numericLegend(), 3, 10

updateCategoricalFilter, 13, 14

updateNumericFilter, 13, 14