Package 'LMMsolver'

August 19, 2022

```
Type Package
```

Title Linear Mixed Model Solver

Description An efficient and flexible system to solve sparse mixed model equations, for models that are often used in statistical genetics.

Important applications are the use of splines to model spatial or temporal trends. Another application area is mixed model QTL analysis for multiparental populations, allowing for heterogeneous residual variance and random design matrices with Identity-By-Descent (IBD) probabilities.

```
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LazyData true

Depends R (>= 3.6)

Imports agridat, ggplot2, maps, Matrix, methods, Rcpp (>= 0.10.4), sp, spam, splines

LinkingTo Rcpp

RoxygenNote 7.2.1

Suggests rmarkdown, knitr, tinytest

VignetteBuilder knitr
```

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2 APSIMdat

R topics documented:

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Description

Simulated Biomass as function of time using APSIM wheat.

Usage

APSIMdat

Format

A data.frame with 121 rows and 4 columns.

env Environment, Emerald in 1993

geno Simulated genotype g001

das Days after sowing

biomass Simulated biomass using APSIM; medium measurement error added

References

Bustos-Korts et al. (2019) Combining Crop Growth Modeling and Statistical Genetic Modeling to Evaluate Phenotyping Strategies doi:10.3389/FPLS.2019.01491

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coef.LMMsolve

Coefficients from the mixed model equations of an LMMsolve object.

Description

Obtain the coefficients from the mixed model equations of an LMMsolve object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'LMMsolve'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object an object of class LMMsolve

... some methods for this generic require additional arguments. None are used in

this method.

Value

A list of vectors, containing the estimated effects for each fixed effect and the predictions for each random effect in the defined linear mixed model.

Examples

deviance.LMMsolve

Deviance of an LMMsolve object

Description

Obtain the deviance of a model fitted using LMMsolve.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'LMMsolve'
deviance(object, includeConstant = TRUE, ...)
```

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Arguments

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{object} & \text{an object of class LMM} \\ \text{solve} \\ \text{includeConstant} \end{array}$

Should the constant in the restricted log-likelihood be included. Default is TRUE, as for example in lme4 and SAS. In asreml the constant is omitted.

... some methods for this generic require additional arguments. None are used in

this method.

Value

The deviance of the fitted model.

Examples

diagnosticsMME

Give diagnostics for mixed model coefficient matrix C and the cholesky decomposition

Description

Give diagnostics for mixed model coefficient matrix C and the cholesky decomposition

Usage

```
diagnosticsMME(object)
```

Arguments

object

an object of class LMMsolve.

Value

A summary of the mixed model coefficient matrix and its choleski decomposition.

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Examples

displayMME

Display the sparseness of the mixed model coefficient matrix

Description

Display the sparseness of the mixed model coefficient matrix

Usage

```
displayMME(object, cholesky = FALSE)
```

Arguments

object an object of class LMMsolve.

cholesky Should the cholesky decomposition of the coefficient matrix be plotted?

Value

A plot of the sparseness of the mixed model coefficient matrix.

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fitted.LMMsolve

Fitted values of an LMMsolve object.

Description

Obtain the fitted values from a mixed model fitted using LMMSolve.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'LMMsolve'
fitted(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object an object of class LMMsolve

... some methods for this generic require additional arguments. None are used in

this method.

Value

A vector of fitted values.

Examples

LMMsolve

Solve Linear Mixed Models

Description

Solve Linear Mixed Models using REML.

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Usage

```
LMMsolve(
  fixed,
  random = NULL,
  spline = NULL,
  group = NULL,
  ginverse = NULL,
  weights = NULL,
  data,
  residual = NULL,
  tolerance = 1e-06,
  trace = FALSE,
  maxit = 250,
  theta = NULL
)
```

Arguments

| fixed | A formula for the fixed part of the model. Should be of the form "response \sim pred" |
|-----------|---|
| random | A formula for the random part of the model. Should be of the form "~ pred". |
| spline | A formula for the spline part of the model. Should be of the form "~ $spl1D()$ ", ~ $spl2D()$ " or "~ $spl3D()$ ". |
| group | A named list where each component is a numeric vector specifying contiguous fields in data that are to be considered as a single term. |
| ginverse | A named list with each component a symmetric matrix, the precision matrix of a corresponding random term in the model. The row and column order of the precision matrices should match the order of the levels of the corresponding factor in the data. |
| weights | A character string identifying the column of data to use as relative weights in the fit. Default value NULL, weights are all equal to one. |
| data | A data.frame containing the modeling data. |
| residual | A formula for the residual part of the model. Should be of the form "~ pred". |
| tolerance | A numerical value. The convergence tolerance for the modified Henderson algorithm to estimate the variance components. |
| trace | Should the progress of the algorithm be printed? Default trace = FALSE. |
| maxit | A numerical value. The maximum number of iterations for the algorithm. Default $\max it = 250$. |
| theta | initial values for penalty or precision parameters. Default NULL, all precision parameters set equal to $1.$ |

Details

A Linear Mixed Model (LMM) has the form

```
y = X\beta + Zu + e, u N(0, G), e N(0, R)
```

where y is a vector of observations, β is a vector with the fixed effects, u is a vector with the random effects, and e a vector of random residuals. X and Z are design matrices.

LMMsolve can fit models where the matrices G^{-1} and R^{-1} are a linear combination of precision matrices $Q_{G,i}$ and $Q_{R,i}$:

$$G^{-1} = \sum_{i} \psi_{i} Q_{G,i} , R^{-1} = \sum_{i} \phi_{i} Q_{R,i}$$

where the precision parameters ψ_i and ϕ_i are estimated using REML. For most standard mixed models $1/\psi_i$ are the variance components and $1/\phi_i$ the residual variances. We use a formulation in terms of precision parameters to allow for non-standard mixed models using tensor product splines.

Value

An object of class LMMsolve representing the fitted model. See LMMsolveObject for a full description of the components in this object.

See Also

```
LMMsolveObject, spl1D, spl2D, spl3D
```

```
## Fit models on john.alpha data from agridat package.
data(john.alpha, package = "agridat")
## Fit simple model with only fixed effects.
LMM1 <- LMMsolve(fixed = yield ~ rep + gen,
                data = john.alpha)
## Fit the same model with genotype as random effect.
LMM1_rand <- LMMsolve(fixed = yield ~ rep,
                     random = ~gen,
                     data = john.alpha)
## Fit the model with a 1-dimensional spline at the plot level.
LMM1_spline <- LMMsolve(fixed = yield ~ rep + gen,
                       spline = \simspl1D(x = plot, nseg = 20),
                       data = john.alpha)
## Fit models on multipop data included in the package.
data(multipop)
## The residual variances for the two populations can be different.
## Allow for heterogeneous residual variances using the residual argument.
LMM2 <- LMMsolve(fixed = pheno ~ cross,
                residual = ~cross,
                data = multipop)
## QTL-probabilities are defined by the columns pA, pB, pC.
## They can be included in the random part of the model by specifying the
## group argument and using grp() in the random part.
```

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LMMsolveObject

Fitted LMMsolve Object

Description

An object of class LMMsolve returned by the LMMsolve function, representing a fitted linear mixed model. Objects of this class have methods for the generic functions coef, fitted, residuals, loglik and deviance.

Value

An object of class LMMsolve contains the following components:

logL The restricted log-likelihood at convergence

sigma2e The residual error

tau2e The estimated variance components

EDdf The effective dimensions

varPar The number of variance parameters for each variance component

VarDf The table with variance components

theta The precision parameters

coefficients The estimated effects from the mixed model equations

yhat The fitted values residuals The residuals

nIter The number of iterations for the mixed model to converge
C The mixed model coefficient matrix after last iteration
cholC The cholesky decomposition of coefficient matrix C

constantREML The REML constant

dim The dimensions for each of the fixed and random terms in the mixed model

term.labels.f The names of the fixed terms in the mixed model term.labels.r The names of the random terms in the mixed model

splRes An object with definition of spline argument

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logLik.LMMsolve

Log-likelihood of an LMMsolve object

Description

Obtain the Restricted Maximum Log-Likelihood of a model fitted using LMMsolve.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'LMMsolve'
logLik(object, includeConstant = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

object an object of class LMMsolve
includeConstant
Should the constant in the restricted log-likelihood be included. Default is TRUE, as for example in lme4 and SAS. In asrem1 the constant is omitted.

some methods for this generic require additional arguments. None are used in this method.

Value

The restricted maximum log-likelihood of the fitted model.

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multipop

Simulated QTL mapping data set

Description

Simulated QTL mapping data set

Usage

multipop

Format

A data frame with 180 rows and 6 columns.

```
cross Cross ID, two populations, AxB and AxC
```

ind Genotype ID

pA Probability that individual has alleles from parent A

pB Probability that individual has alleles from parent B

pC Probability that individual has alleles from parent C

pheno Simulated phenotypic value

obtainSmoothTrend

Obtain Smooth Trend.

Description

Obtain the smooth trend for models fitted with a spline component.

Usage

```
obtainSmoothTrend(
  object,
  grid = NULL,
  newdata = NULL,
  deriv = 0,
  includeIntercept = FALSE,
  which = 1
)
```

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Arguments

object An object of class LMMsolve.

grid A numeric vector having the length of the dimension of the fitted spline com-

ponent. This represents the number of grid points at which a surface will be

computed.

newdata A data frame containing new points for which the smooth trend should be com-

puted. Column names should include the names used when fitting the spline

model.

deriv Derivative of B-splines, default 0. At the moment only implemented for spl1D.

includeIntercept

Should the value of the intercept be included in the computed smooth trend?

Ignored if deriv > 0.

which An integer, for if there are multiple splxD terms in the model. Default value is

1.

Value

A data frame with predictions for the smooth trend on the specified grid. The standard errors are saved if 'deriy' has default value 0.

```
## Fit model on john.alpha data from agridat package.
data(john.alpha, package = "agridat")
## Fit a model with a 1-dimensional spline at the plot level.
LMM1_spline <- LMMsolve(fixed = yield ~ rep + gen,
                        spline = \sim spl1D(x = plot, nseg = 20),
                        data = john.alpha)
## Obtain the smooth trend for the fitted model on a dense grid.
smooth1 <- obtainSmoothTrend(LMM1_spline,</pre>
                             grid = 100)
## Obtain the smooth trend on a new data set - plots 10 to 40.
newdat <- data.frame(plot = 10:40)</pre>
smooth2 <- obtainSmoothTrend(LMM1_spline,</pre>
                             newdata = newdat)
## The first derivative of the smooth trend can be obtained by setting deriv = 1.
smooth3 <- obtainSmoothTrend(LMM1_spline,</pre>
                             grid = 100,
                             deriv = 1)
## For examples of higher order splines see the vignette.
```

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residuals.LMMsolve

Residuals of an LMMsolve object.

Description

Obtain the residuals from a mixed model fitted using LMMSolve.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'LMMsolve'
residuals(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object an object of class LMMsolve

... some methods for this generic require additional arguments. None are used in

this method.

Value

A vector of residuals.

Examples

spl1D

Fit P-splines

Description

Fit multi dimensional P-splines using sparse implementation.

spl1D

Usage

```
spl1D(x, nseg, pord = 2, degree = 3, scaleX = TRUE, xlim = range(x))
spl2D(
 x1,
 x2,
 nseg,
 pord = 2,
  degree = 3,
  scaleX = TRUE,
 x1lim = range(x1),
 x2lim = range(x2)
)
spl3D(
 x1,
 x2,
 х3,
 nseg,
 pord = 2,
 degree = 3,
  scaleX = TRUE,
 x1lim = range(x1),
 x2lim = range(x2),
 x3lim = range(x3)
)
```

Arguments

x, x1, x2, x3 The variables in the data containing the values of the x covariates.

nseg The number of segments

pord The order of penalty, default pord = 2

degree The degree of B-spline basis, default degree = 3

scaleX Should the fixed effects be scaled.

xlim, x1lim, x2lim, x3lim

A numerical vector of length 2 containing the domain of the corresponding x covariate where the knots should be placed. Default set to NULL (covariate range).

Value

A list with the following elements:

- X design matrix for fixed effect. The intercept is not included.
- Z design matrix for random effect.
- 1Ginv a list of precision matrices
- knots a list of vectors with knot positions

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- dim. f the dimensions of the fixed effect.
- dim.r the dimensions of the random effect.
- term.labels.f the labels for the fixed effect terms.
- term.labels.r the labels for the random effect terms.
- x a list of vectors for the spline variables.
- pord the order of the penalty.
- degree the degree of the B-spline basis.
- scaleX logical indicating if the fixed effects are scaled.
- EDnom the nominal effective dimensions.

Functions

- spl2D(): 2-dimensional splines
- spl3D(): 3-dimensional splines

See Also

LMMsolve

```
## Fit model on john.alpha data from agridat package.
data(john.alpha, package = "agridat")
## Fit a model with a 1-dimensional spline at the plot level.
LMM1_spline <- LMMsolve(fixed = yield ~ rep + gen,
                       spline = ~spl1D(x = plot, nseg = 20),
                       data = john.alpha)
summary(LMM1_spline)
## Fit model on US precipitation data from spam package.
data(USprecip, package = "spam")
## Only use observed data
USprecip <- as.data.frame(USprecip)</pre>
USprecip <- USprecip[USprecip$infill == 1, ]</pre>
## Fit a model with a 2-dimensional P-spline.
LMM2_spline <- LMMsolve(fixed = anomaly ~ 1,
                       spline = \simspl2D(x1 = lon, x2 = lat, nseg = c(41, 41)),
                       data = USprecip)
summary(LMM2_spline)
```

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summary.LMMsolve

Summarize Linear Mixed Model fits

Description

Summary method for class "LMMsolve". Creates either a table of effective dimensions (which = "dimensions") or a table of variances (which = "variances").

Usage

```
## $3 method for class 'LMMsolve'
summary(object, which = c("dimensions", "variances"), ...)
## $3 method for class 'summary.LMMsolve'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| object | An object of class LMMsolve |
|--------|---|
| which | A character string indicating which summary table should be created. |
| | Some methods for this generic require additional arguments. None are used in this method. |
| Х | An object of class summary.LMMsolve, the result of a call to summary.LMM |

Value

A data.frame with either effective dimensions or variances depending on which.

Methods (by generic)

• print(summary.LMMsolve): print summary

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print(summ2)

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