Package 'SMCRM'

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Description Data Sets for Kumar and Petersen (2012). Statistical Methods in Customer Relationship Management, Wiley: New York.
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acquisitionRetention Acquisition-Retention Data from Chapter 5

Description

Acquisition-Retention Data from Chapter 5

Usage

acquisitionRetention

Format

Data frame with the following 15 variables

customer customer number (from 1 to 500)

acquisition 1 if the prospect was acquired, 0 otherwise

- duration number of days the customer was a customer of the firm, 0 if acquisition == 0
- profit customer lifetime value (CLV) of a given customer, -(Acq_Exp) if the customer is not acquired
- acq_exp total dollars spent on trying to acquire this prospect
- ret_exp total dollars spent on trying to retain this customer
- acq_exp_sq square of the total dollars spent on trying to acquire this prospect
- ret_exp_sq square of the total dollars spent on trying to retain this customer
- freq number of purchases the customer made during that customer's lifetime with the firm, 0 if acquisition == 0
- freq_sq square of the number of purchases the customer made during that customer's lifetime with the firm
- crossbuy number of product categories the customer purchased from during that customer's lifetime with the firm, 0 if acquisition = 0
- sow Share-of-Wallet; percentage of purchases the customer makes from the given firm given the total amount of purchases across all firms in that category
- industry 1 if the customer is in the B2B industry, 0 otherwise
- revenue annual sales revenue of the prospect's firm (in millions of dollar)
- employees number of employees in the prospect's firm

Examples

```
data(acquisitionRetention)
   str(acquisitionRetention)
```

customerAcquisition Customer Acquisition Data from Chapter 3

Description

Customer Acquisition Data from Chapter 3

Usage

```
customerAcquisition
```

Format

Data frame with the following 17 variables

customer customer number (from 1 to 500)

acquisition 1 if the prospect was acquired, 0 otherwise

- first_purchase dollar value of the first purchase (0 if the customer was not acquired)
- clv the predicted customer lifetime value score. It is 0 if the prospect was not acquired or has already churned from the firm.
- duration time in days that the acquired prospect has been or was a customer, right-censored at 730 days
- censor 1 if the customer was still a customer at the end of the observation window, 0 otherwise

acq_expense dollars spent on marketing efforts to try and acquire that prospect

acq_expense_sq square of dollars spent on marketing efforts to try and acquire that prospect

industry 1 if the customer is in the B2B industry, 0 otherwise

revenue annual sales revenue of the prospect's firm (in millions of dollar)

employees number of employees in the prospect's firm

ret_expense dollars spent on marketing efforts to try and retain that customer

ret_expense_sq square of dollars spent on marketing efforts to try and retain that customer

crossbuy the number of categories the customer has purchased

frequency the number of times the customer purchased during the observation window

frequency_sq the square of the number of times the customer purchased during the observation window

Examples

```
data(customerAcquisition)
   str(customerAcquisition)
```

customerChurn

Description

Customer Churn Data from Chapter 6

Usage

customerChurn

Format

Data frame with the following 11 variables

customer customer number (from 1 to 500)

- duration time in days that the acquired prospect has been or was a customer, right-censored at 730 days
- censor 1 if the customer was still a customer at the end of the observation window, 0 otherwise
- avg_ret_exp average number of dollars spent on marketing efforts to try and retain that customer per month
- avg_ret_exp_sq square of the average number of dollars spent on marketing efforts to try and retain that customer per month
- total_crossbuy total number of categories the customer has purchased during the customer's lifetime
- total_freq total number of purchase occasions the customer had with the firm in the customer's lifetime
- total_freq_sq square of the total number of purchase occasions the customer had with the firm in the customer's lifetime
- industry 1 if the customer is in the B2B industry, 0 otherwise
- revenue annual sales revenue of the prospect's firm (in millions of dollar)
- employees number of employees in the prospect's firm

Examples

```
data(customerChurn)
   str(customerChurn)
```

customerRetentionDemographics

Demographics Data for Customer Retention (Chapter 4)

Description

Demographics Data for Customer Retention (Chapter 4)

Usage

customerRetentionDemographics

Format

Data frame with the following 8 variables

customer customer number (from 1 to 500)

gender 1 if the customer is male, 0 if the customer is female

married 1 if the customer is married, 0 if the customer is not married

income 1 if income < \\$30,000 2 if \\$30,001 < income < \\$45,000 3 if \\$45,001 < income < \\$60,000 4 if \\$60,001 < income < \\$75,000 5 if \\$75,001 < income < \\$90,000 6 if income > \\$90,001

first_purchase value of the first purchase made by the customer in quarter 1

loyalty 1 if the customer is a member of the loyalty program, 0 if not

sow share-of-wallet; the percentage of purchases the customer makes from the given firm given the total amount of purchases across all firms in that category

clv discounted value of all expected future profits, or customer lifetime value

Examples

data(customerRetentionDemographics)
 str(customerRetentionDemographics)

customerRetentionLifetimeDuration Lifetime Duration Data for Customer Retention (Chapter 4)

Description

Lifetime Duration Data for Customer Retention (Chapter 4)

Usage

customerRetentionLifetimeDuration

Format

Data frame with the following 8 variables

customer customer number (from 1 to 500)

- x The number of transactions by a given customer over all time periods. Here we assume that it is the sum of the variable Purchase where customers at most made 1 purchase per quarter.
- tx time of the last transaction, i.e. the last quarter where purchase = 1
- T total time between the first purchase and the end of the observation window, i.e. 12 quarters for all customers

See Also

customerRetentionTransactions

Examples

```
data(customerRetentionLifetimeDuration)
   str(customerRetentionLifetimeDuration)
```

customerRetentionTransactions

Transactions Data for Customer Retention (Chapter 4)

Description

Transactions Data for Customer Retention (Chapter 4)

Usage

customerRetentionTransactions

Format

Data frame with the following 7 variables

customer customer number (from 1 to 500)

quarter quarter (from 1 to 12) where the transactions occurred

- purchase 1 when the customer purchased in the given quarter and 0 if no purchase occurred in that quarter
- order_quantity dollar value of the purchases in the given quarter
- crossby number of different categories purchased in a given quarter
- ret_expense dollars spent on marketing efforts to try and retain that customer in the given quarter
- ret_expense_sq square of dollars spent on marketing efforts to try and retain that customer in the given quarter

customerWinBack

Examples

data(customerRetentionTransactions)
str(customerRetentionTransactions)

customerWinBack Customer Win-Back from Chapter 7

Description

Customer Win-Back from Chapter 7

Usage

customerWinBack

Format

Data frame with the following 10 variables

customer customer number (from 1 to 500)

reacquire 1 if the customer is reacquired, 0 if not

duration_2 time in days of the customer's second lifecycle with the company, 0 if not reacquired

slcv CLV of the customer in the second lifecycle

duration_1 time in days of the customer's first lifecycle with the company

offer value of the offer provided to the customer for reacquisition

duration_lapse time in days since the customer was lost to when the offer to reacquire was given

price_change increase (or decrease) in price of the subscription the customer received between the first lifecycle and the second lifecycle, 0 if not reacquired

gender 1 if male, 0 if female

age age in years of the customer at the time of the attempt to reacquire

Examples

data(customerWinBack)
str(customerWinBack)

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