Package 'cyclestreets'

January 5, 2022

Type Package

Title Cycle Routing and Data for Cycling Advocacy

```
Version 0.5.3
Description An interface to the cycle routing/data services provided by
      'CycleStreets', a not-for-profit social enterprise and advocacy
      organisation. The application programming interfaces (APIs) provided
      by 'CycleStreets' are documented at
      (<https://www.cyclestreets.net/api/>). The focus of this package is
      the journey planning API, which aims to emulate the routes taken by a
      knowledgeable cyclist. An innovative feature of the routing service
      of its provision of fastest, quietest and balanced profiles. These
      represent routes taken to minimise time, avoid traffic and compromise
      between the two, respectively.
License GPL-3
URL https://rpackage.cyclestreets.net/,
      https://github.com/cyclestreets/cyclestreets-r
BugReports https://github.com/cyclestreets/cyclestreets-r/issues
Depends R (>= 3.6.0)
Imports geodist, httr, jsonlite, magrittr, sf, stringr
Suggests covr, stplanr
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LazyData true
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journey journey

R topics documented:

cyclestreets_column_	names	 			 								2
journey		 			 								2
json2sf_cs		 			 								5
ltns		 			 								6
smooth_with_cutoffs		 			 								7

Index 9

cyclestreets_column_names

Prices of 50,000 round cut diamonds.

Description

Variables provided by CycleStreets in their journey data

Usage

cyclestreets_column_names

Format

An object of class character of length 44.

Source

https://www.cyclestreets.net/

journey

Plan a journey with CycleStreets.net

Description

R interface to the CycleStreets.net journey planning API, a route planner made by cyclists for cyclists. See cyclestreets.net/api for details.

journey 3

Usage

```
journey(
  from,
  to,
  plan = "fastest",
  silent = TRUE,
  pat = NULL,
  base_url = "https://www.cyclestreets.net",
  reporterrors = TRUE,
  save_raw = "FALSE",
 cols = c("name", "distances", "time", "busynance", "elevations", "start_longitude",
    "start_latitude", "finish_longitude", "finish_latitude"),
  cols_extra = c("crow_fly_distance", "event", "whence", "speed", "itinerary",
  "clientRouteId", "plan", "note", "length", "quietness", "west", "south", "east",
    "north", "leaving", "arriving", "grammesCO2saved", "calories", "edition", "gradient_segment", "elevation_change", "provisionName"),
  smooth_gradient = TRUE,
  distance_cutoff = 50,
  gradient_cutoff = 0.1,
  n = 3
)
```

Arguments

n

from	Longitude/Latitude pair, e.g. c(-1.55,53.80)
to	Longitude/Latitude pair, e.g. c(-1.55,53.80)
plan	Text strong of either "fastest" (default), "quietest" or "balanced"
silent	Logical (default is FALSE). TRUE hides request sent.
pat	The API key used. By default this uses Sys.getenv("CYCLESTREETS").
base_url	The base url from which to construct API requests (with default set to main server)
reporterrors	Boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) indicating if cyclestreets (TRUE by default). should report errors (FALSE by default).
save_raw	Boolean value which returns raw list from the json if TRUE (FALSE by default).
cols	Columns to be included in the result, a character vector or NULL for all available columns (see details for default)
cols_extra	Additional columns to be added providing summaries of gradient and other variables
smooth_gradient	
	Identify and fix anomalous gradients? TRUE by default. See https://github.com/Robinlovelace/cyclestreet
distance_cutoff	
	Distance (m) used to identify anomalous gradients
<pre>gradient_cutoff</pre>	
	Gradient (%, e.g. 0.1 being 10%) used to identify anomalous gradients

The number of segments to use to smooth anomalous gradents. The default is 3,

meaning segments directly before, after and including the offending segment.

4 journey

Details

Requires the internet and a CycleStreets.net API key. CycleStreets.net does not yet work worldwide.

You need to have an api key for this code to run. By default it uses the CYCLESTREETS environment variable. A quick way to set this is to install the usethis package and then executing the following command:

```
usethis::edit_r_environ()
```

That should open up a new file in your text editor where you can add the environment variable as follows (replace 1a... with your key for this to work):

```
CYCLESTREETS=1a43ed677e5e6fe9
```

After setting the environment variable, as outlined above, you need to restart your R session before the journey function will work.

A full list of variables (cols) available is represented by:

```
c("time", "busynance", "signalledJunctions", "signalledCrossings",
"name", "walk", "elevations", "distances", "start", "finish",
"startSpeed", "start_longitude", "start_latitude", "finish_longitude",
"finish_latitude", "crow_fly_distance", "event", "whence", "speed",
"itinerary", "clientRouteId", "plan", "note", "length", "quietness",
"west", "south", "east", "north", "leaving", "arriving", "grammesCO2saved",
"calories", "edition", "geometry")
```

See www.cyclestreets.net/help/journey/howitworks/ for details on how these are calculated.

See Also

```
json2sf_cs
```

Examples

```
from = c(-1.55, 53.80) # geo_code("leeds")
to = c(-1.76, 53.80) # geo_code("bradford uk")
r1 = journey(from, to)
names(r1)
r1[1:2, ]
r1$grammesCO2saved
r1$calories
plot(r1[1:4])
plot(r1[10:ncol(r1)])
to = c(-2, 53.5) # towards Manchester
r1 = journey(from, to)
names(r1)
r2 = journey(from, to, plan = "balanced")
plot(r1["quietness"], reset = FALSE)
plot(r2["quietness"], add = TRUE)
r3 = journey(from, to, silent = FALSE)
r4 = journey(from, to, save_raw = TRUE)
r5 = journey(c(-1.524, 53.819), c(-1.556, 53.806))
```

json2sf_cs 5

```
plot(r5["gradient_segment"])
plot(r5["gradient_smooth"])

u = paste0("https://github.com/cyclestreets/cyclestreets-r/",
    "releases/download/v0.4.0/line_with_single_segment.geojson")
desire_line = sf::read_sf(u)
r = stplanr::route(l = desire_line, route_fun = journey)
r

## End(Not run)
```

json2sf_cs

Convert output from CycleStreets.net into sf object

Description

Convert output from CycleStreets.net into sf object

Usage

```
json2sf_cs(
  obj,
  cols = NULL,
  cols_extra = c("elevation_start", "elevation_end", "gradient_segment",
    "elevation_change", "provisionName"),
  smooth_gradient = FALSE,
  distance_cutoff = 50,
    gradient_cutoff = 0.1,
    n = 3
)
```

Arguments

obj Object from CycleStreets.net read-in with Columns to be included in the result, a character vector or NULL for all available cols columns (see details for default) Additional columns to be added providing summaries of gradient and other varicols_extra ables smooth_gradient Identify and fix anomalous gradients? TRUE by default. See https://github.com/Robinlovelace/cyclestreet distance_cutoff Distance (m) used to identify anomalous gradients gradient_cutoff Gradient (%, e.g. 0.1 being 10%) used to identify anomalous gradients The number of segments to use to smooth anomalous gradents. The default is 3, n

meaning segments directly before, after and including the offending segment.

6 ltns

Examples

```
from = "Leeds Rail Station"
to = "University of Leeds"
# from_point = tmaptools::geocode_OSM(from)
# to_point = tmaptools::geocode_OSM(to)
from_point = c(-1.54408, 53.79360)
to_point = c(-1.54802, 53.79618)
# save result from the API call to journey.json
# res_json = journey(from_point, to_point, silent = FALSE, save_raw = TRUE)
# jsonlite::write_json(res_json, "inst/extdata/journey.json")
f = system.file(package = "cyclestreets", "extdata/journey.json")
obj = jsonlite::read_json(f, simplifyVector = TRUE)
rsf = json2sf_cs(obj, cols = c("distances"))
names(rsf)
rsf
rsf2 = json2sf_cs(obj, cols = NULL, cols_extra = NULL)
names(rsf2)
# stplanr::line2points(rsf) extract start and end points
sf:::plot.sf(rsf)
json2sf_cs(obj, cols = c("time", "busynance", "elevations"))
json2sf_cs(obj, cols = c("distances"), smooth_gradient = TRUE,
  gradient_cutoff = 0.05, distance_cutoff = 50)
```

ltns

Download data on 'Low Traffic Neighbourhoods' or 'rat runs' from CycleStreets

Description

R interface to the CycleStreets.net LTN. See ltn API docs and an article on the methods for further details: https://www.cyclestreets.org/news/2021/07/25/mapping-ltns/

Usage

```
ltns(bb, pat = Sys.getenv("CYCLESTREETS"))
```

Arguments

bb An sf or 'bounding box' like object

pat The API key used. By default this uses Sys.getenv("CYCLESTREETS").

Examples

```
## Not run:
bb <- "0.101131,52.195807,0.170288,52.209719"
ltn_data <- ltns(bb)
plot(ltn_data)
bb <- stplanr::routes_fast_sf
ltn_data <- ltns(bb)</pre>
```

smooth_with_cutoffs 7

```
plot(ltn_data)
## End(Not run)
```

smooth_with_cutoffs

Identify and smooth-out anomalous gradient values

Description

When distance_cutoff and gradient_cutoff thresholds are both broken for route segments, this function treats them as anomalous and sets the offending gradient values to the mean of the n segments closest to (in front of and behind) the offending segment.

Usage

```
smooth_with_cutoffs(
  gradient_segment,
  elevation_change,
  distances,
  distance_cutoff = 50,
  gradient_cutoff = 0.1,
  n = 3
)
```

Arguments

```
gradient_segment

The gradient for each segment from CycleStreets.net
elevation_change

The difference between the maximum and minimum elevations within each segment

distances

The distance of each segment

distance_cutoff

Distance (m) used to identify anomalous gradients

gradient_cutoff

Gradient (%, e.g. 0.1 being 10%) used to identify anomalous gradients

n

The number of segments to use to smooth anomalous gradents. The default is 3, meaning segments directly before, after and including the offending segment.
```

Examples

```
f = system.file(package = "cyclestreets", "extdata/journey.json")
obj = jsonlite::read_json(f, simplifyVector = TRUE)
rsf = json2sf_cs(obj, cols = c("distances"))
rsf$gradient_segment
rsf$elevation_change
rsf$distances
```

8 smooth_with_cutoffs

```
smooth_with_cutoffs(rsf$gradient_segment, rsf$elevation_change, rsf$distances)
smooth_with_cutoffs(rsf$gradient_segment, rsf$elevation_change, rsf$distances, 20, 0.05)
smooth_with_cutoffs(rsf$gradient_segment, rsf$elevation_change, rsf$distances, 200, 0.02)
smooth_with_cutoffs(rsf$gradient_segment, rsf$elevation_change, rsf$distances, 200, 0.02, n = 5)
```

Index